

SmartSoft v3.1 User Manual

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Document Revision History:

Issue	Issue Date	Change
B	24 th May 2013	Clarified Acquisition rate setting
A	14th June 2012	Copied 3100-3002-D, removed hardware specific sections and updated screen-shots and text for SmartSoft v3.1

1 INSTALLATION

SmartScan is shipped with a CD containing installer files for the SmartSoft interface. The host PC must run a suitable Operating System, this manual covers installation on a PC running Windows 2000, XP, Vista or 7. Installers for Linux and other operating systems may be available on request.

To install the software on the host PC navigate to “setup.exe” on the CD and follow the instructions that appear during the install process. The installer will also install National Instruments’ LabVIEW™ Run Time Engine (RTE). It will then place a short cut in the Windows Start Menu (under the Smart Fibres program group) and on the Desktop.

The latest release of SmartSoft can also be downloaded from the Smart Fibres website. Contact Smart Fibres technical support for details.

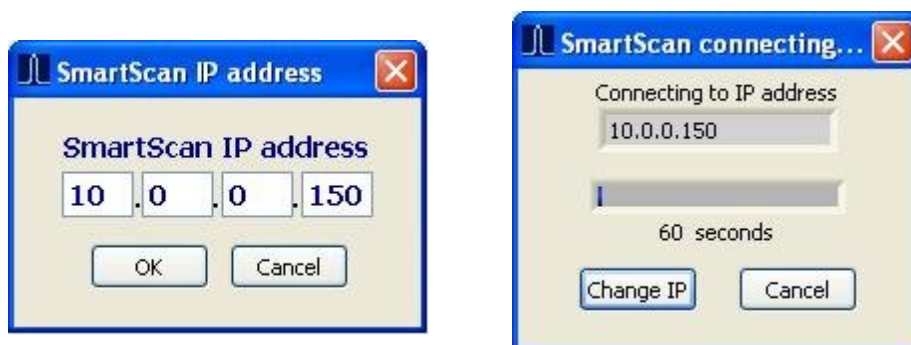
2 PREPARING FOR USE

After installing SmartSoft, connect the supplied Ethernet cross-over cable between the host PC and SmartScan. The PC’s network connection must be configured to a suitable subnet; by default SmartScan’s IP address is 10.0.0.150 and its Net mask is 255.255.255.0. The Net mask for the PC must also be set to 255.255.255.0, suitable ranges for the PC’s IP address are 10.0.0.1 to 10.0.0.149 or to 10.0.0.151 to 10.0.0.250. (see appendix 6.3 for further details or contact your network administrator for assistance).

Connect the Power adaptor to the main AC supply and connect its DC output to the DC input of SmartScan. Alternatively SmartScan can be powered directly from a DC supply, in which case the DC supply must be in the range +9 to +36V and capable of supplying 15W of power and a DC power cable should have been ordered with the SmartScan.

SmartScan is now ready to be powered. Switch on the supply and observe the Power/Status light next to the DC power connector, it should first light red to indicate the presence of supply voltage and then change to green after a few seconds to indicate that the SmartScan is ready for a host PC connection. FBG sensors can be connected to the SmartScan at any time.

On the host PC Navigate to the Smart Fibres > SmartSoft short-cut on the Windows Start Menu and start the program.



The program requests the IP address of the SmartScan. As shipped from the factory this will be 10.0.0.150. An Ethernet connection is attempted and the dialogue box changes to indicate progress. If a connection can be made successfully the dialogue box will close after a few seconds and the SmartSoft main screen appears.

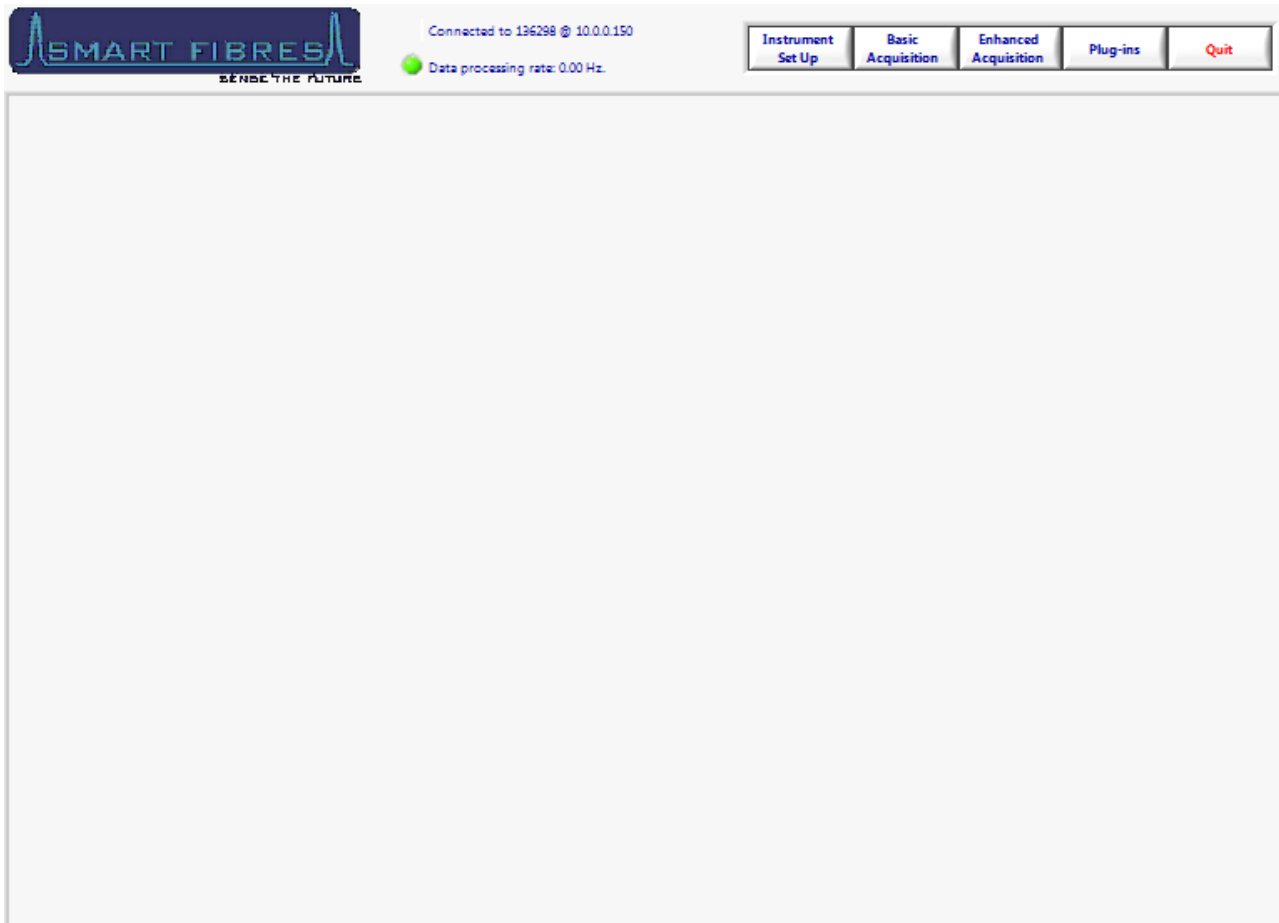


Illustration 1: Front panel

A number of function buttons are shown top right. Inactive functions are greyed out.

Basic Acquisition is recommended for first time users and is designed to enable basic measurements to be taken with simplified settings. Acquisition will be fixed at 2.5kHz (250Hz for SmartScan lite), with per channel auto-gain. The data processing rate can be varied by averaging a user defined number of samples (1-1000).

Enhanced Acquisition is recommended for advanced users and is rich in features but requires more detailed settings. Attempting to use enhanced mode without first reading this manual is not recommended.

Instrument Set-up is largely used in conjunction with Enhanced Acquisition.

Plug-ins allows the user to run custom LabVIEW source code modules. Contact Smart Fibres technical support for details.

Quit is used to close the entire application. Always use the Quit button to exit the SmartSoft application; using other methods to close the application may cause unexpected behaviour.

3 BASIC ACQUISITION

Press the Basic Acquisition Button and then select the Spectrum Tab.

3.1 BASIC ACQUISITION – SPECTRUM TAB

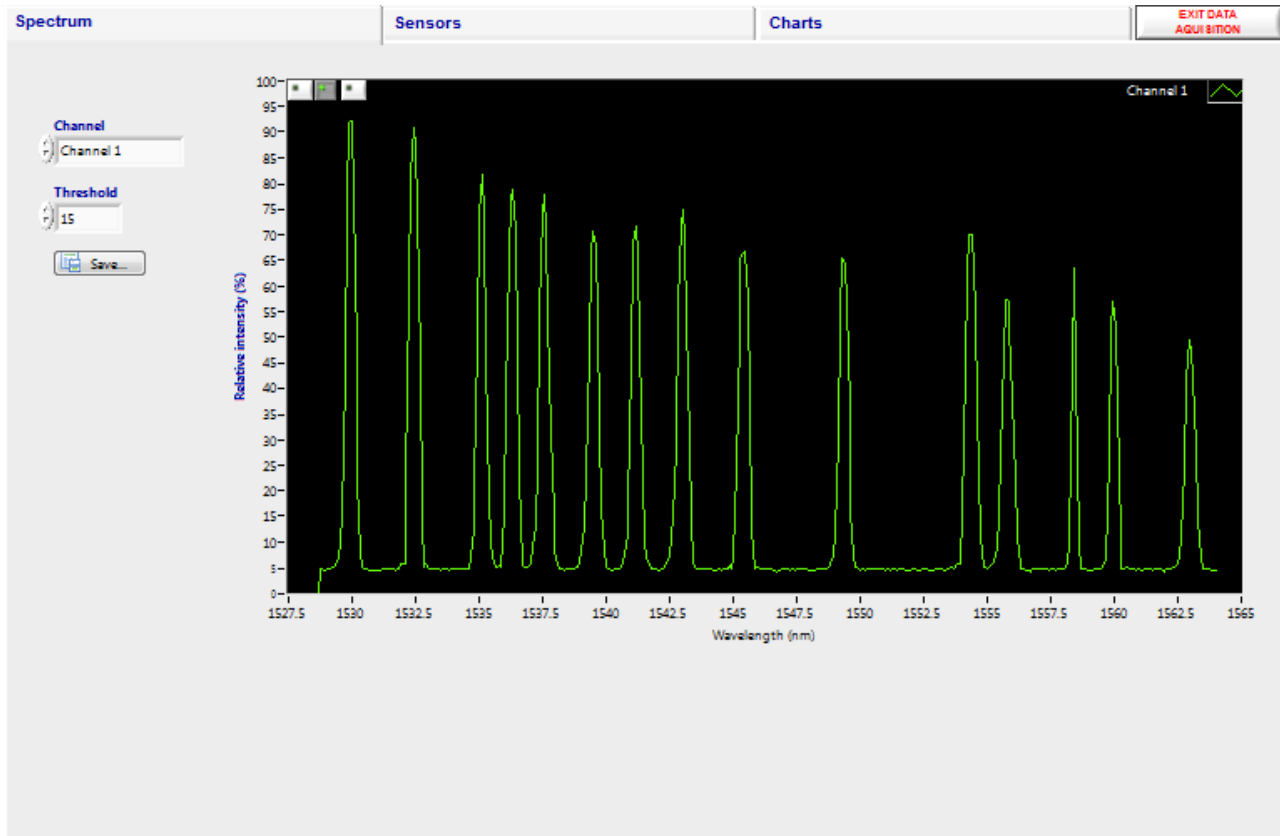


Illustration 2: Basic acquisition – Spectrum tab

The spectrum tab is intended as a tool to aid setting up of sensors and/or SmartScan parameters. The sensors on one channel at a time can be viewed with the reflected signal intensity displayed over the wavelength range. Each peak represents the reflected light from one FBG. In basic Acquisition mode the gain is applied on a per channel basis. Automatic gain control ensures that the largest signal is not saturated.

If there are large differences in the signal intensity of FBGs on the same channel then per FBG gain can be used with the enhanced acquisition panel, see the Instrument Set Up section for more details. Step through all the channels that have FBGs connected and ensure that the background noise is below 10% and that the FBG signal peaks are above 25%.

If desired the instantaneous spectrum can be saved to file, press the save button whilst the channel of interest is being viewed.

Next move to the Sensors tab.

3.2 BASIC ACQUISITION – SENSORS TAB

Spectrum
Sensors
Charts
EXIT DATA
ACQUISITION

FBGs

	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3	Channel 4
Grating 01	1562.9806	1550.0197	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 02	1559.9663	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 03	1558.4227	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 04	1555.7948	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 05	1554.3748	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 06	1549.3618	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 07	1545.4229	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 08	1543.0087	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 09	1541.1782	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 10	1539.5139	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 11	1537.5775	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 12	1536.3332	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 13	1535.1264	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 14	1532.4575	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 15	1529.9556	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Grating 16	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Log FBGs

Log file
Rel. time

Log

Scheduled Log

Log time (s)

0

Log every

60

Minutes

Illustration 3: Basic acquisition - Sensors tab

All FBG locations are shown in the table on the left of the screen. The number of FBGs per channel can be programmed using Instrument Set Up.

The SmartScan calculates the centre wavelength of each FBG peak and these are displayed in the table.

The user may record the table wavelengths to a log file. First set the target location and name of the log file by typing it in the box, or by clicking the folder icon. Then set the duration of the logging period (log time) and then press the log button. The button lights up and the elapsed time is indicated by a progress bar and a numeric indicator. The recording will automatically stop when the Log time is reached or the user may stop the recording by pressing the Log button again.

A log file can be scheduled to take place at regular intervals. The file name will be appended with a date/time string of the format “YYYYMMDD-HHMM_” where YYYY is the year, MM is the month, DD is the day, HH is the hour of day and MM is the minutes in the hour.

The number of lines per log file and the time/date format to append or prepend to the file-name may be set by clicking the icon next to the “Log FBGs” heading.

Now move on to the Charts tab.

3.3 BASIC ACQUISITION – CHARTS TAB

Two wavelength graphs are displayed simultaneously and any of the available FBGs (16 per channel) can be selected for display. FBGs can be added to the left or right y-axes and each one is assigned a colour-coded trace.

To increase the displayed graph area one or both of the y-axes can be hidden by pressing the appropriate < or > button. Similarly the lower graph can be hidden using the “V” button between the two graphs, allowing the upper graph to extend to fill the screen.

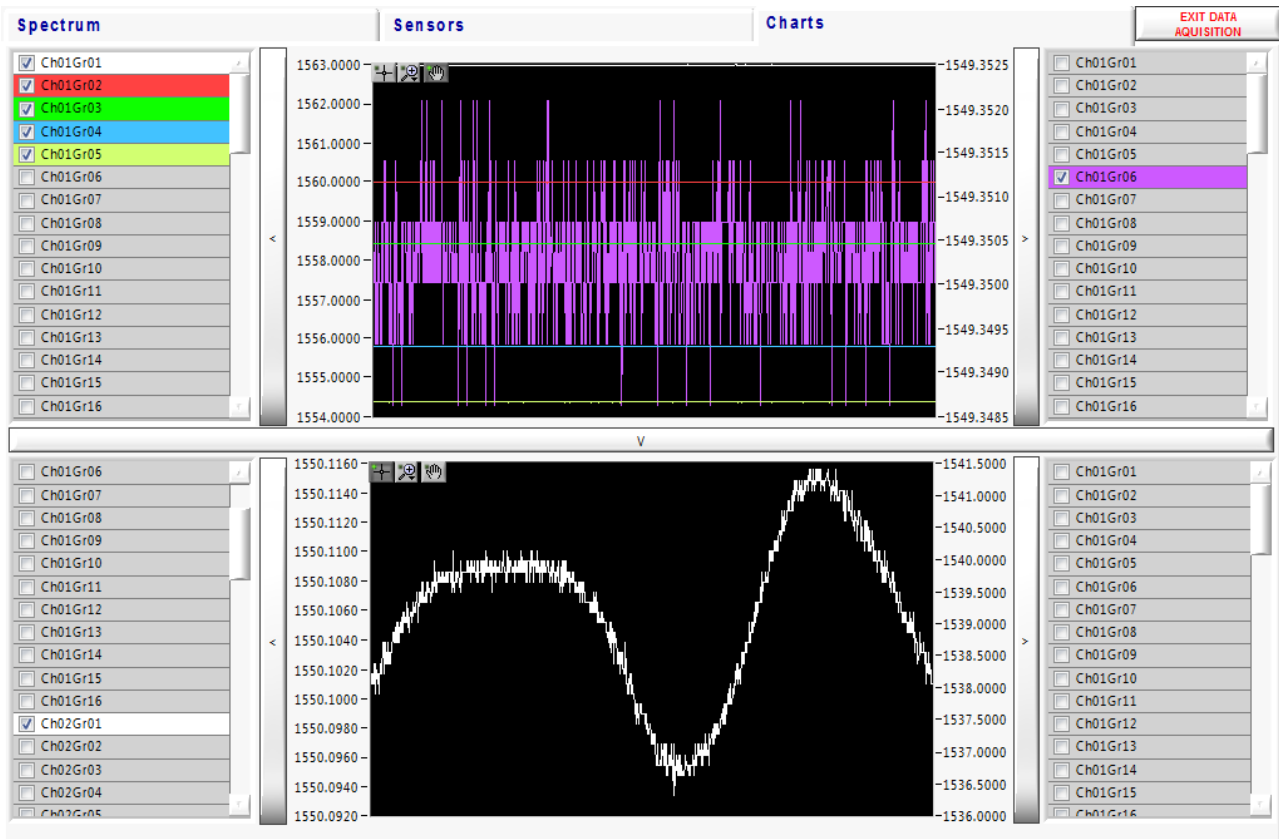


Illustration 4: Basic acquisition – Charts tab

The Y axes of the graphs are set to auto-scale. If required, they can be locked by right clicking on the desired axis and de-selecting “AutoScale Y”. The upper and lower limits of the locked axis can then be selected and adjusted.

To finish the Acquisition session press Exit Data Acquisition or choose another panel from the main controls.

Having mastered the Basic Acquisition the user may now explore the Enhanced Acquisition and associated Instrument Set Up tabs. Alternatively, to close the entire SmartScan suite, press the Quit button.

4 INSTRUMENT SET-UP

Instrument Set Up is used to enable Enhanced Acquisition and allows the powerful features of SmartScan and SmartSoft to be utilised fully.

A number of set up tabs are available, they will be described from left to right.

4.1 INSTRUMENT SET-UP - ACQUISITION RATE TAB

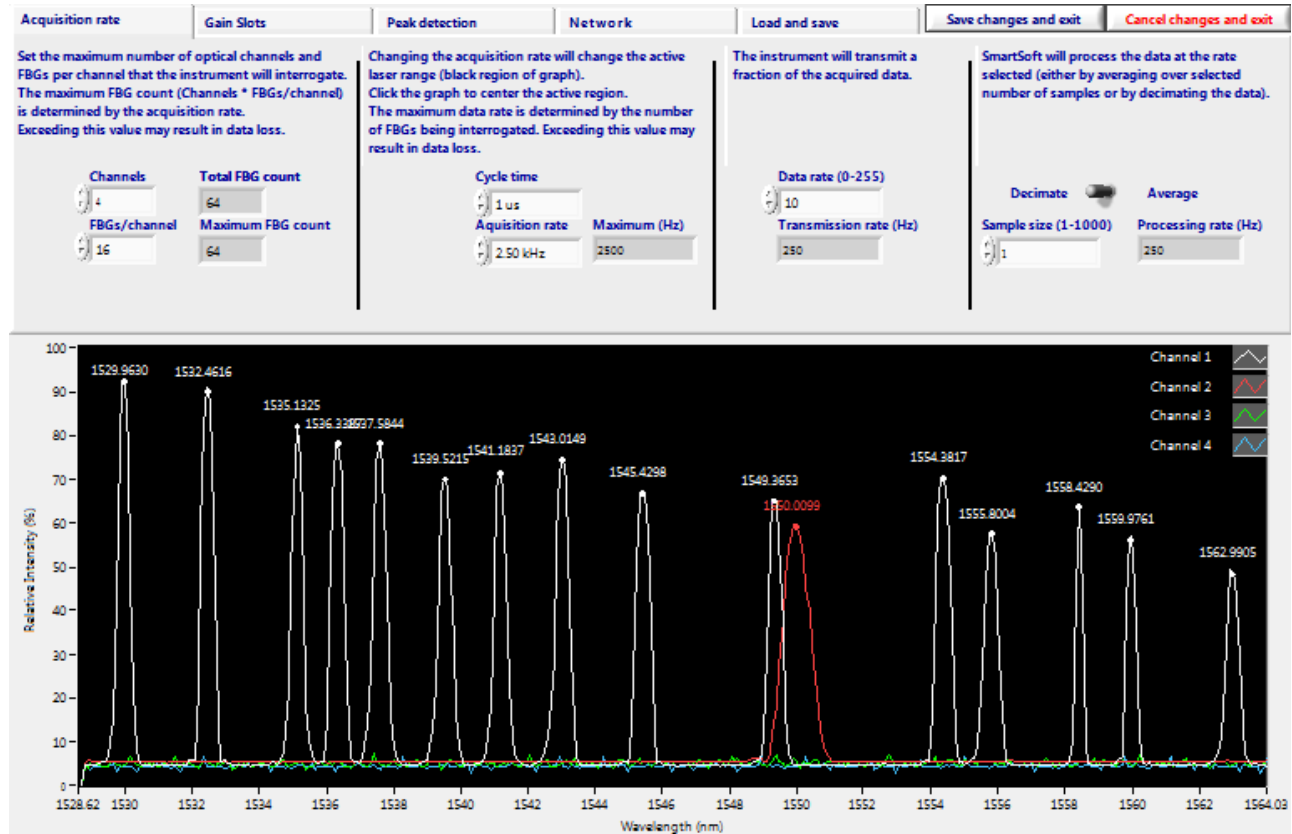


Illustration 5: Setup - Acquisition rate tab

Here the user can adjust various parameters that affect the acquisition rate of the SmartScan and the data processing rate of the SmartSoft software.

The lower half of the screen shows spectra from all operational channels, together with the current wavelengths of any detected FBG peaks.

Starting on the left the user may configure the number of active optical channels. The limit depends on the maximum number of optical channels the instrument supports.

The user may configure the number of FBGs per channel. Reducing the number of FBGs per channel enables the faster acquisition rates in the drop down menu to be used.

The SmartScan cycle time in microseconds (μ s) can be adjusted. The cycle time is defined as the time to complete one laser tuning step and measure the light received by the detector circuits. This can speed up or slow down the overall acquisition time. The minimum cycle time is 1 μ s.

The SmartScan's acquisition rate is a function of cycle time and wavelength range. The acquisition rate can be adjusted by choosing a value from the selection box. This trades the instruments wavelength range for acquisition speed, e.g. 2.5 kHz over 40 nm, 5 kHz over 20 nm, 25 kHz over 4 nm. For some rates it may be necessary to reduce the number of FBGs per channel as described above.

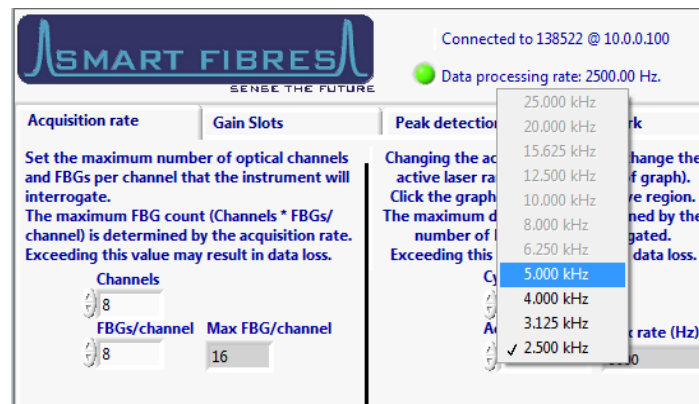


Illustration 6: Setup - Acquisition rate selection

The active laser range will be reduced according to the selected acquisition rate. The inactive range will be greyed out in the graph. Left click with the mouse to centre the active region in the desired location. Select the lowest acquisition rate in the list to reset the active region to it's full range.

Consideration should be given to the expected wavelength excursions of each FBG peak to ensure that they will not move outside the laser tuning range.

The rate at which data are transmitted to the host PC can be reduced by sampling the data. Setting the Data Rate to 1 means that the SmartScan will transmit all available data to the PC and the transmission rate will be equal to the acquisition rate. Setting the Data Rate to a number N greater than 1 will result in data from every N^{th} scan being transmitted. It may be desirable to slow down the transmission rate because, for example the data are transmitted over a slow network connection or because the host PC cannot process the data packets fast enough.

Finally the user may further reduce the amount of data stored in a log file by applying averaging or decimating the data. This is applied by the SmartSoft application so will not reduce the Ethernet traffic but will reduce the data presented by SmartSoft and optionally saved to file. The extent of data reduction is controlled by the Sample size box. Setting this to a number n will result in every n^{th} transmitted data point being presented or stored, either by averaging n points together or by keeping every n^{th} point and discarding the rest. Averaging n data points together will also improve the signal to noise ratio by up to a factor of \sqrt{n} .

The data processing rate is displayed at the top of the screen when acquisition is in progress. The acquisition and transmission rates are shown as a tool tip when hovering the mouse over the data processing rate indicator.

4.2 INSTRUMENT SET-UP - GAIN SLOTS TAB

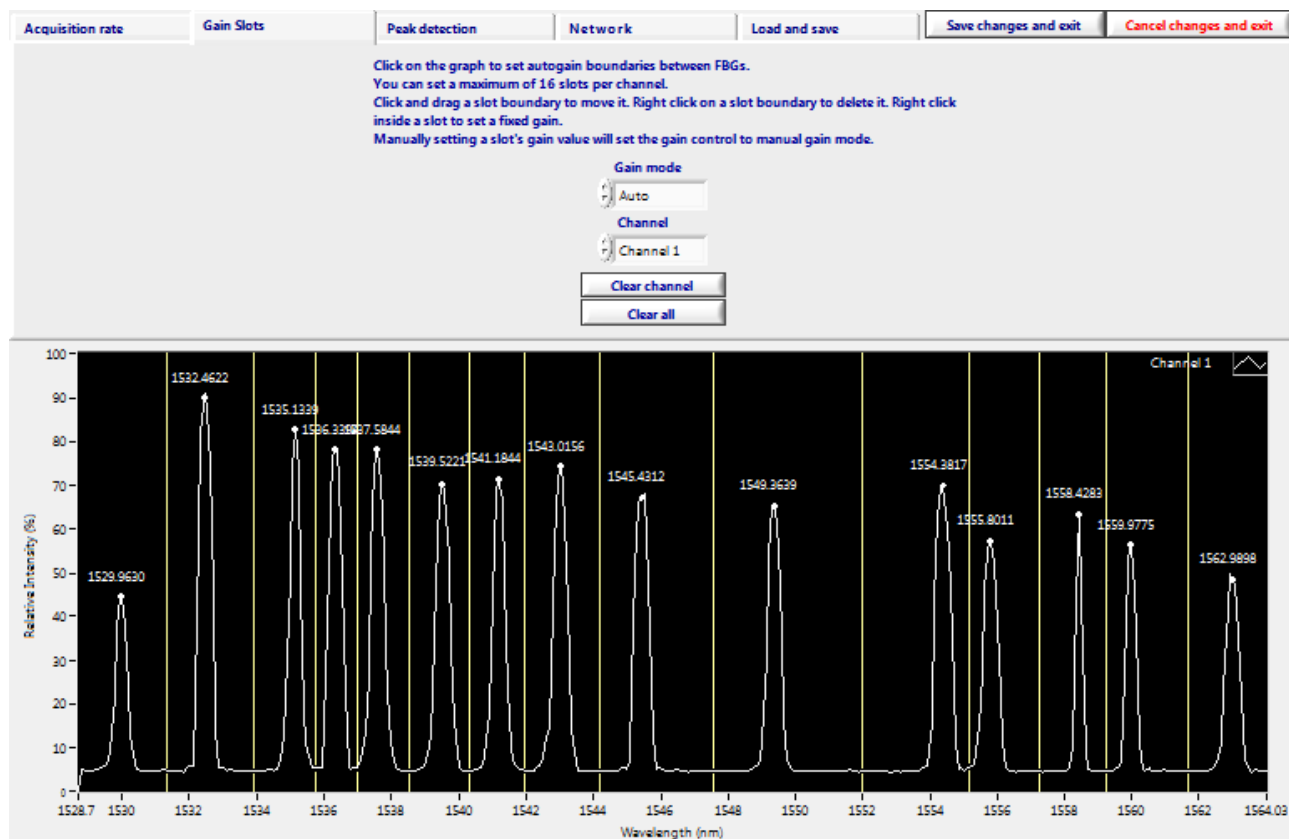


Illustration 7: Setup - Gain slots tab

An advantage of Enhanced Acquisition is that it enables the use of Wavelength Gain slots, whereby each FBG operates within its own wavelength window that is assigned its own set of properties. Each slot can use a different gain level so large variations in signal intensity can be accommodated on one channel without loss of measurement resolution.

The Gain slots are set up on a channel-by-channel basis. The spectrum for the Channel in question is displayed. The wavelength limits on the graph's x-axis have already been determined according to the laser tuning range that was set up on the Acquisition Rate tab. The user then clicks between the spectral peaks to add slot boundaries. Only one FBG peak should be present in each slot. The start and end points of the wavelength tuning range are slot boundaries, so be sure not to add slot boundaries before the first FBG or after the last FBG. Care should be taken that during operation the FBG peak will not cross a slot boundary and that FBG peaks remain separated by at least 1.6 nm from each other and 0.8 nm from the end of the active laser range.

Do not set up more slots than the number of sensors per channel that was configured on the Acquisition Rate tab.

Slot boundaries can be adjusted by dragging them to their desired position using the mouse. Right click on a boundary to delete it.

Once the slots are established the Gain Mode can be set. There are two modes, in auto mode the gain for each slot adjusts automatically so that the intensity of each FBG peak is maximised but does not saturate. The peak intensity will be maintained between 50 and 100 % and will only reduce below 50% on the highest gain level if the signal is still too small.

In Manual gain mode a fixed gain is applied to each slot. To set the gain, right click on the graph between the slot boundaries and set the gain level between 0 and 8, repeating this process for each slot on all channels. The optimum gain level is above 50% but without saturating; a saturated FBG peak will have a flat top at around 100% intensity. The gain applied to each slot is displayed on the graph. Selecting a manual gain for a slot will automatically change the gain setting from auto to manual.

It is recommended that in manual mode the gain be set as high as possible without risk of the FBG peak saturating. Peaks below 25% relative intensity may suffer reduced measurement performance.

4.3 INSTRUMENT SET-UP - PEAK DETECTION TAB

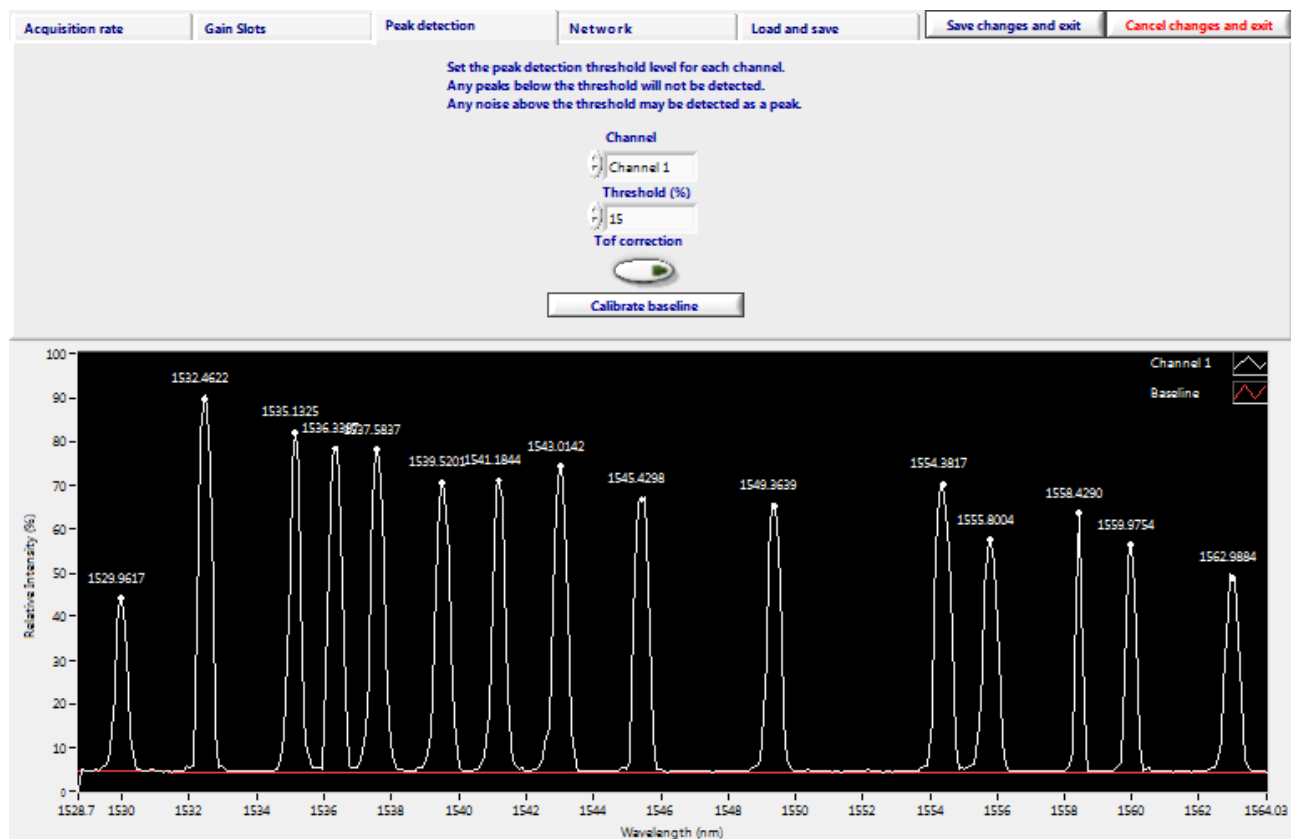


Illustration 8: Setup - Peak detection tab

The peak detection threshold may be adjusted for each channel on this tab. Ensure the threshold level is above the background reflection level but not above any true FBG peaks. In most cases a value of around 15% is optimal.

SmartScan performs a baseline calibration of the photo-detectors during power up. This compensates for any back-reflection in the fibres. The calibrated baseline value is shown as a red trace on the graph. If the fibres are changed or disturbed and the baseline changes, calibration can be performed by either power-cycling the instrument or pressing the “Calibrate baseline” button.

The “ToF correction” button enables the correction of the detected wavelength by taking account of the time of propagation through the optical fibre. This feature is mainly useful for optical fibre longer than 100m. Before using this feature, the software should be configured with the ToF setup plug-in described later.

4.4 INSTRUMENT SET-UP - NETWORK TAB

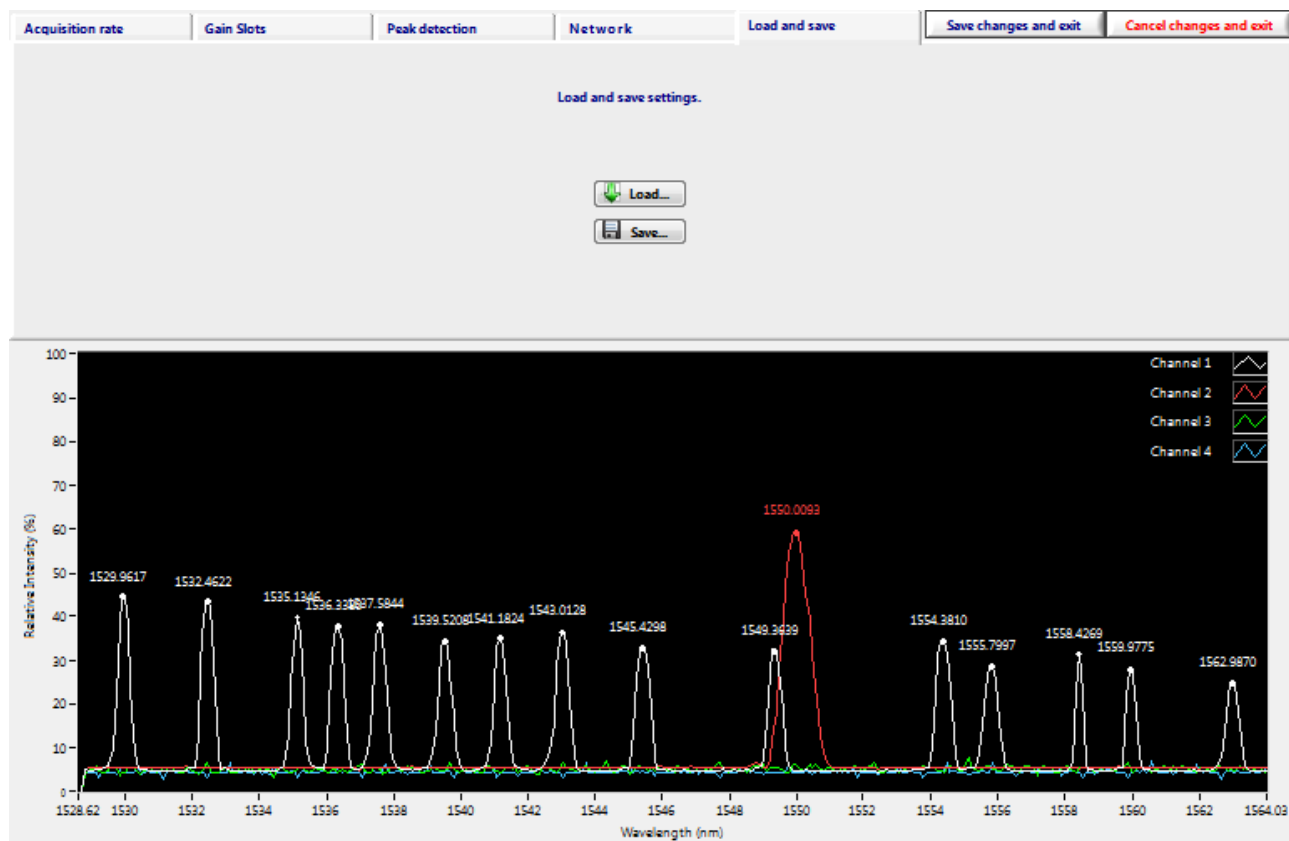


Illustration 9: Setup - Network tab

On the Network tab the user can change the IP settings of the SmartScan. This is usually only necessary when a SmartScan is to be used on a Local Area Network. Be aware that the IP settings of the host PC may need to change in order to maintain connectivity.

If you are connecting the SmartScan to a network instead of a direct connection to a host PC, make sure to set the gateway address to match the network router or gateway PC's LAN address and that the SmartScan's IP address is unique on the network and not in the pool of addresses assigned to any DHCP servers on the network.

If there is a firewall or NAT router between the SmartScan and the host PC you may need to open UDP ports 30001 to 30003, 30070 to 30072 and 30075 to allow SmartSoft to communicate with the interrogator.

See Preparing For Use section and Appendix 6.3 for further details and if necessary consult your Network Administrator.

4.5 INSTRUMENT SET-UP - LOAD AND SAVE TAB

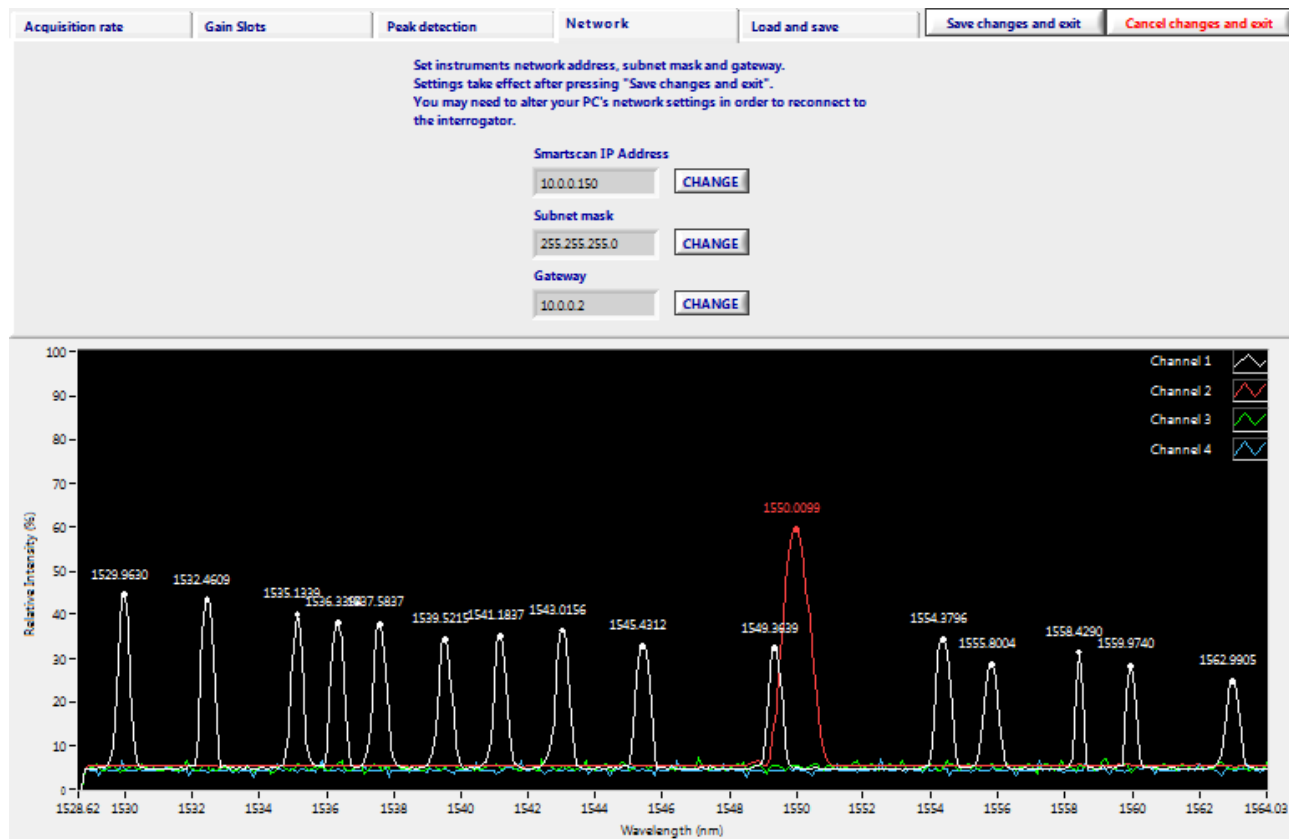


Illustration 10: Setup - Load and save tab

The user can use this tab to save all the Instrument Setup parameters to a file. The file can be recalled later using the Load button. This is particularly useful when SmartScan is used to interrogate multiple sensor systems, as a configuration for each system can be saved.

4.6 INSTRUMENT SET-UP - EXITING INSTRUMENT SET-UP

There are three options for exiting Instrument Set Up, pressing "Save changes and exit" will transfer all parameters to SmartScan and the instrument is ready to begin an Acquisition session. Alternatively, pressing "Cancel changes and Exit" will discard any changes and SmartScan will revert to its previous configuration. You can also just select a new panel from the main controls, if any settings have been changed SmartSoft will ask if you want to save them.

5 ENHANCED ACQUISITION

Before entering Enhanced Acquisition first go to the Instrument Set Up section.

5.1 ENHANCED ACQUISITION - SPECTRUM TAB

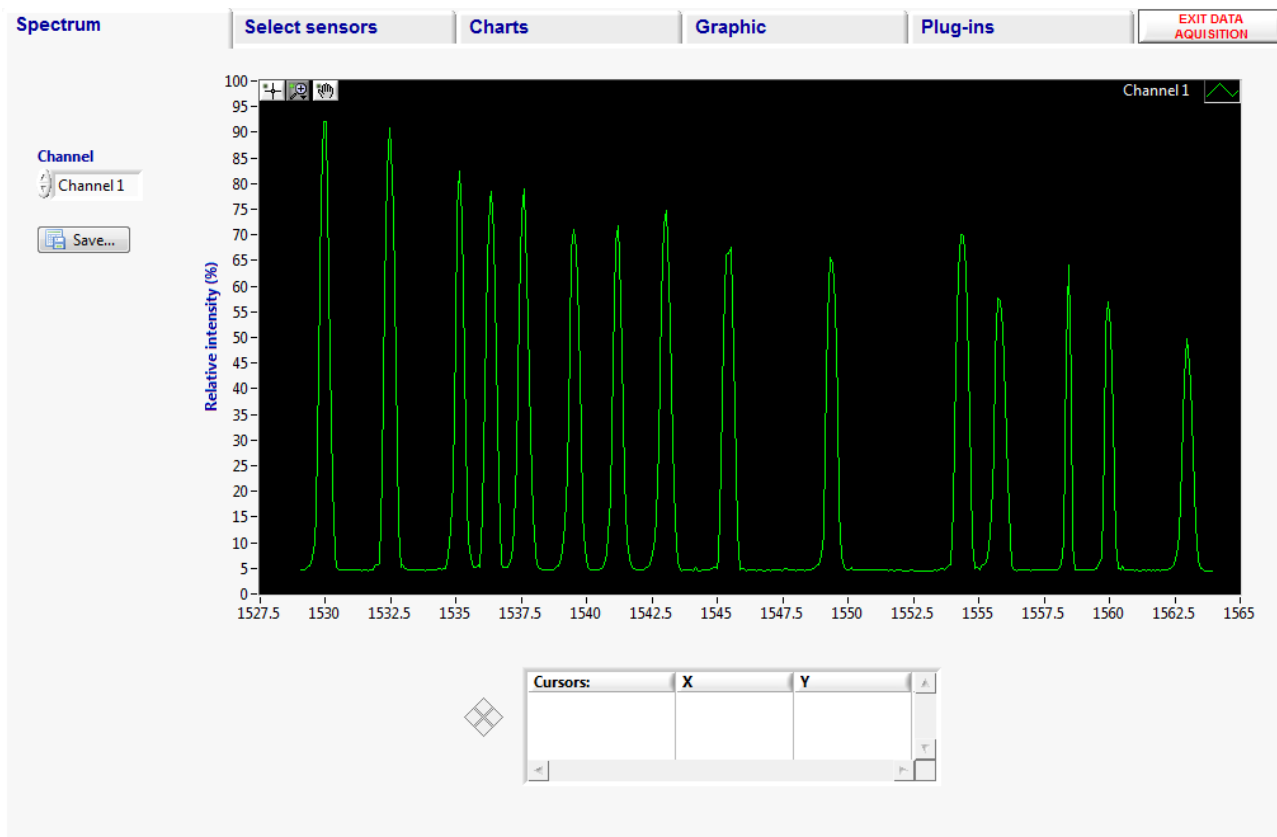


Illustration 11: Enhanced – Spectrum tab

The spectrum tab is intended as a tool to aid setting up of sensors and/or SmartScan parameters. The sensors on one channel at a time can be viewed with the reflected signal intensity displayed over the wavelength range. Each peak represents the reflected light from one FBG. The appearance of the FBG Peaks will be influenced by the Gain scheme selected during Instrument Set Up.

If desired the instantaneous spectrum can be saved to file, press the save button whilst the channel of interest is being viewed. An image of the spectrum can be exported to the clipboard or a file by right clicking in the graph area.

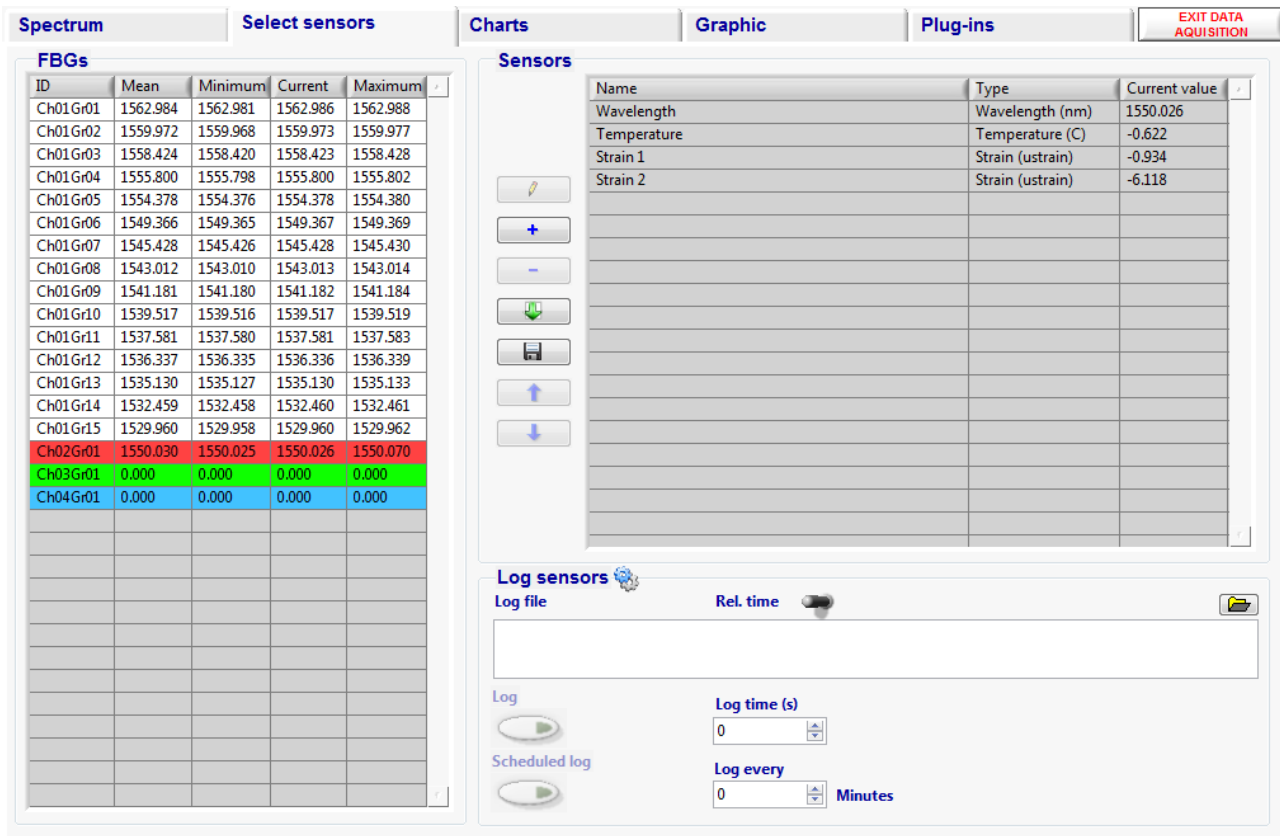
Note that the data rate for spectral data is much slower than for sensor data

The graph palette in the top left corner of the graph provides options for navigating around the screen. The cross icon is the selection tool and is used for selecting and moving graph cursors, the magnifying glass icon allows the user to zoom in on the graph to examine particular spectral features in more detail and the hand icon is used to drag a magnified region around the plot.

The plot legend in the top right of the graph can be used to change the plot properties, e.g. line style/colour, point style/colour, etc.

Extra functionality is made available by right clicking in the graph and selecting from the pop-up menu. The scale legend can be used to gain quick access to the graphs auto-scale options and for changing scale indicator parameters such as numeric format, precision, etc. The cursor legend is used for creating cursors on the graph and reading the position of those cursors. Cursors can be created by right clicking inside the cursor legend and can be dragged with the selection tool (see graph palette section). The cursor can be configured by right clicking on it's name in the cursor list.

5.2 ENHANCED ACQUISITION - SELECT SENSORS TAB



FBGs

ID	Mean	Minimum	Current	Maximum
Ch01Gr01	1562.984	1562.981	1562.986	1562.988
Ch01Gr02	1559.972	1559.968	1559.973	1559.977
Ch01Gr03	1558.424	1558.420	1558.423	1558.428
Ch01Gr04	1555.800	1555.798	1555.800	1555.802
Ch01Gr05	1554.378	1554.376	1554.378	1554.380
Ch01Gr06	1549.366	1549.365	1549.367	1549.369
Ch01Gr07	1545.428	1545.426	1545.428	1545.430
Ch01Gr08	1543.012	1543.010	1543.013	1543.014
Ch01Gr09	1541.181	1541.180	1541.182	1541.184
Ch01Gr10	1539.517	1539.516	1539.517	1539.519
Ch01Gr11	1537.581	1537.580	1537.581	1537.583
Ch01Gr12	1536.337	1536.335	1536.336	1536.339
Ch01Gr13	1535.130	1535.127	1535.130	1535.133
Ch01Gr14	1532.459	1532.458	1532.460	1532.461
Ch01Gr15	1529.960	1529.958	1529.960	1529.962
Ch02Gr01	1550.030	1550.025	1550.026	1550.070
Ch03Gr01	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Ch04Gr01	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Sensors

Name	Type	Current value
Wavelength	Wavelength (nm)	1550.026
Temperature	Temperature (C)	-0.622
Strain 1	Strain (ustrain)	-0.934
Strain 2	Strain (ustrain)	-6.118

Log sensors

Log file: Rel. time:

Log: Log time (s):

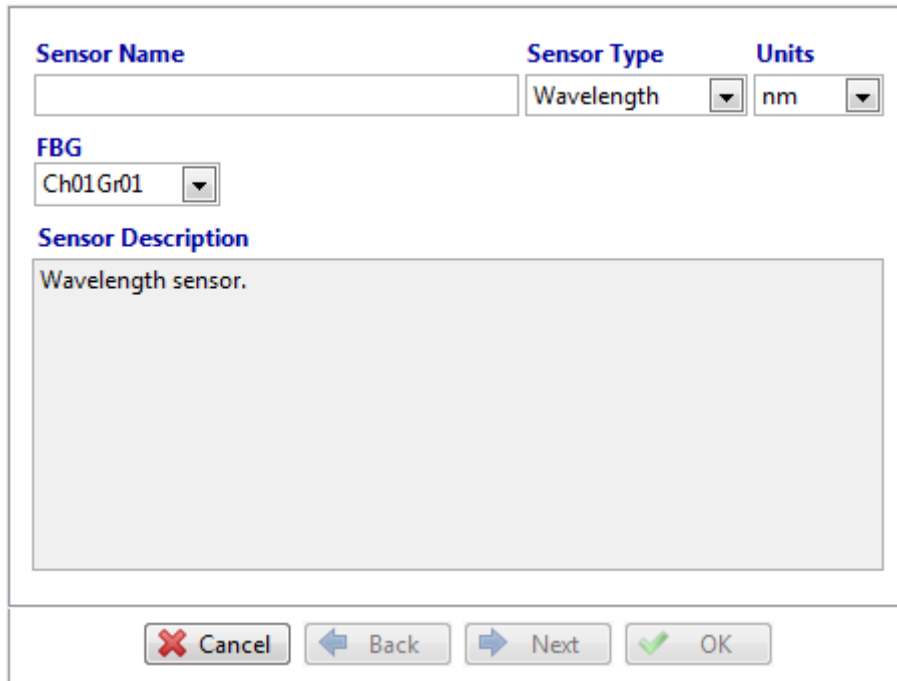
Scheduled log: Log every: Minutes

Illustration 12: Enhanced acquisition – Sensors tab

The Select Sensors tab has two tables. The left hand table displays all available FBGs, the number being determined during the Instrument Set Up by the Sensors per Channel setting and the number of gain slots. If there are more FBG Peaks on the Spectrum tab than available FBGs in the table then revisit the Instrument Set Up and either add more Gain Slots or increase the Sensors per channel setting. If a gain slot is set up without an FBG reflection within it, a sensor wavelength of zero is returned in the table.

The FBG table displays all the FBGs on channel 1 in descending wavelength order followed by those on channel 2 and so on. The channels are colour coded for ease of identification. For each FBG there are columns for its current wavelength as well as average, minimum and maximum.

The right hand table displays the selected Sensors; this table will be empty to start with. Sensors are added to the table using the "ADD..." button or by right clicking on a grating in the FBG table. This brings up the add sensor dialogue box.



Sensor Name

Sensor Type Wavelength

Units nm

FBG

Ch01Gr01

Sensor Description

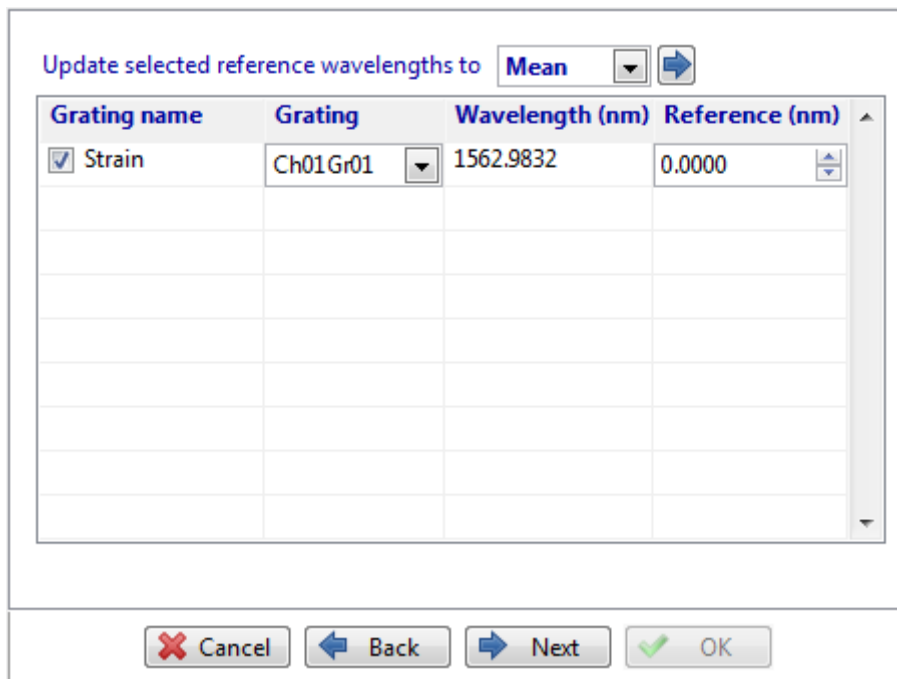
Wavelength sensor.

Cancel Back Next OK

Illustration 13: Sensor dialog box - Sensor type page

The user can select one of the FBGs from a drop down list of all available FBGs. The user may now give the sensor a meaningful name and change the measurement units. In the case of a wavelength sensor (as shown above), there is only one page to fill out and once a sensor name has been entered the OK button will become active.

For measurements other than Wavelength the user must enter a number of parameters so that SmartSoft can make the conversion. The next button will become active allowing the definition of multiple gratings, sensors and coefficients as determined by the sensor type. Selecting a strain sensor type and clicking next leads to the following dialog box page.



Update selected reference wavelengths to Mean

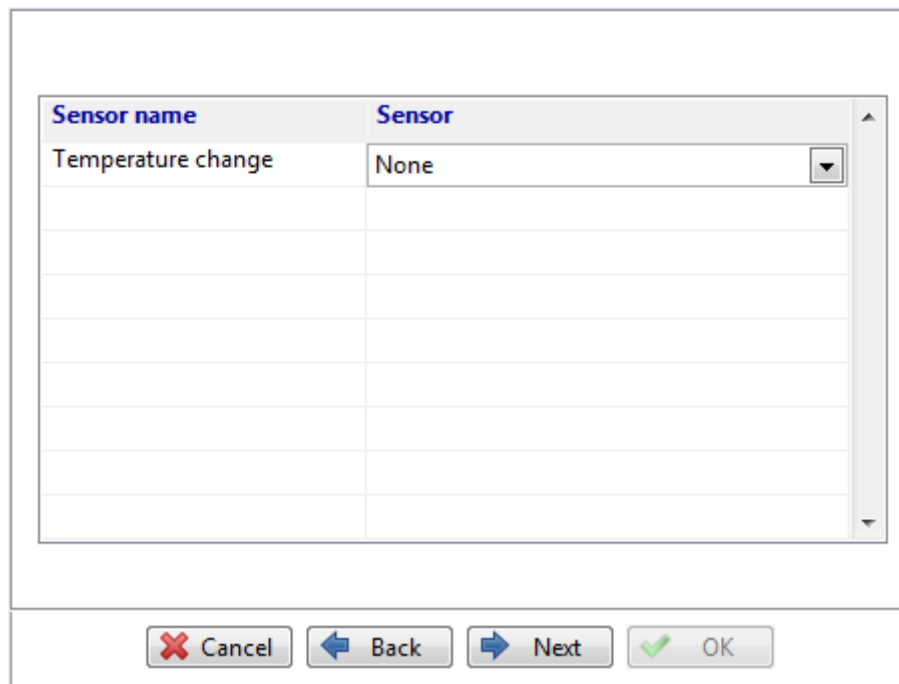
Grating name	Grating	Wavelength (nm)	Reference (nm)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Strain	Ch01Gr01	1562.9832	0.0000

Cancel Back Next OK

Illustration 14: Sensor dialog box - Gratings page

The reference wavelength is the wavelength against which the grating will be compared. For some sensor types, SmartSoft needs to measure a change in the wavelength of an FBG in order to convert to engineering units such as strain, temperature and pressure. The reference wavelength may be supplied by the sensor manufacturer or it can be entered by selecting one or more gratings, choosing the mean, minimum, maximum or current value in the reference wavelength selection box and pressing the blue arrow button to update all selected gratings. It may be necessary to set the type to wavelength and then log and analyse some data in order to determine the required reference wavelength. The grating selection page will not be available if the sensor type selected does not require it.

Press next to advance to the next dialog box page.

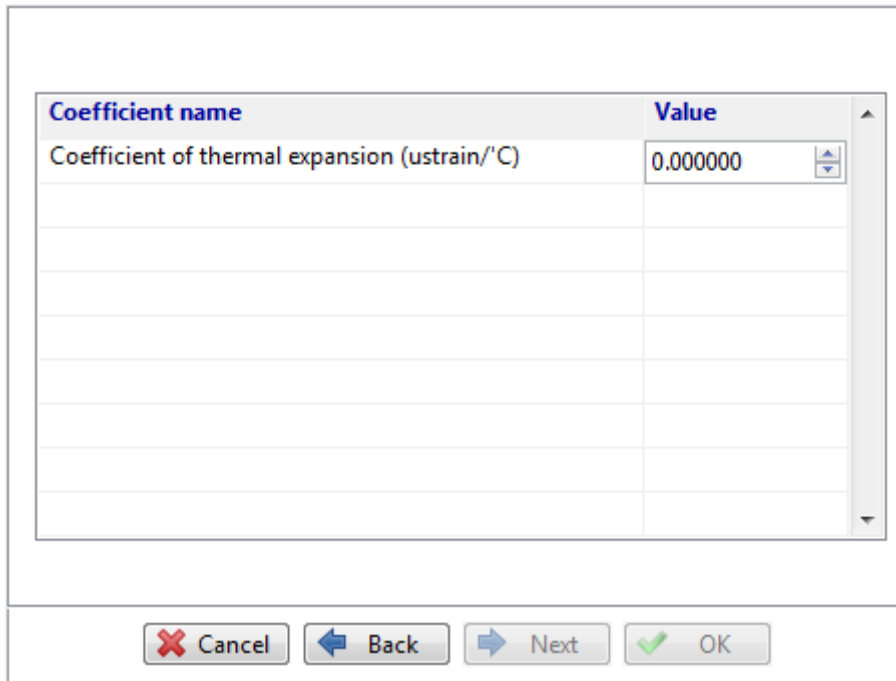


Sensor name	Sensor
Temperature change	None

Illustration 15: Sensor dialog box - Sensors page

A sensor can use the values of other, previously defined sensors. In the case of a strain sensor, a temperature sensor can be selected to perform temperature compensation. Temperature sensors must be defined before they are available for use. Notice that the sensor name refers to temperature change. The temperature sensor must be configured to show relative rather than absolute temperature (i.e. relative to the temperature at the reference wavelength). The types of sensors available to choose from is determined by the sensor type selected. The sensor selection page will not be available if the sensor type selected does not require it.

Press next to advance to the next dialog box page.



Coefficient name	Value
Coefficient of thermal expansion (ustrain/'C)	0.000000

Illustration 16: Sensor dialog box - Coefficients page

If the sensor requires constant coefficients, enter them here. They should be provided with the sensor.

The type of conversion coefficients requested by the sensor set-up dialogue box is determined by the sensor type selected. The coefficient selection page will not be available if the sensor type selected does not require it.

If all required information has been entered the OK button should become active. Press OK to save the sensor. Press cancel at any time to exit the dialog box.

When the Add sensor dialogue box is closed the new sensor will now appear in the sensor table.

Further FBGs can then be selected to add more sensors to the table and the Sensor order can be adjusted using the “UP” and “DOWN” buttons. Sensor parameters can be amended using the “EDIT” button.

When the sensor table is complete press the “SAVE...” button so that the sensor parameters can be re-loaded during future acquisition sessions. Multiple Sensor selections can be saved with different file-names. SmartSoft loads the last used sensor set-up when starting the enhanced acquisition panel. If gratings have been removed or changed you can change the sensor set-up with the “DELETE” and “EDIT...” buttons.

The logging feature on this tab can be used to save all the sensors present in the Sensor table. Sensors will be logged at the Data Processing Rate displayed at the top of the screen.

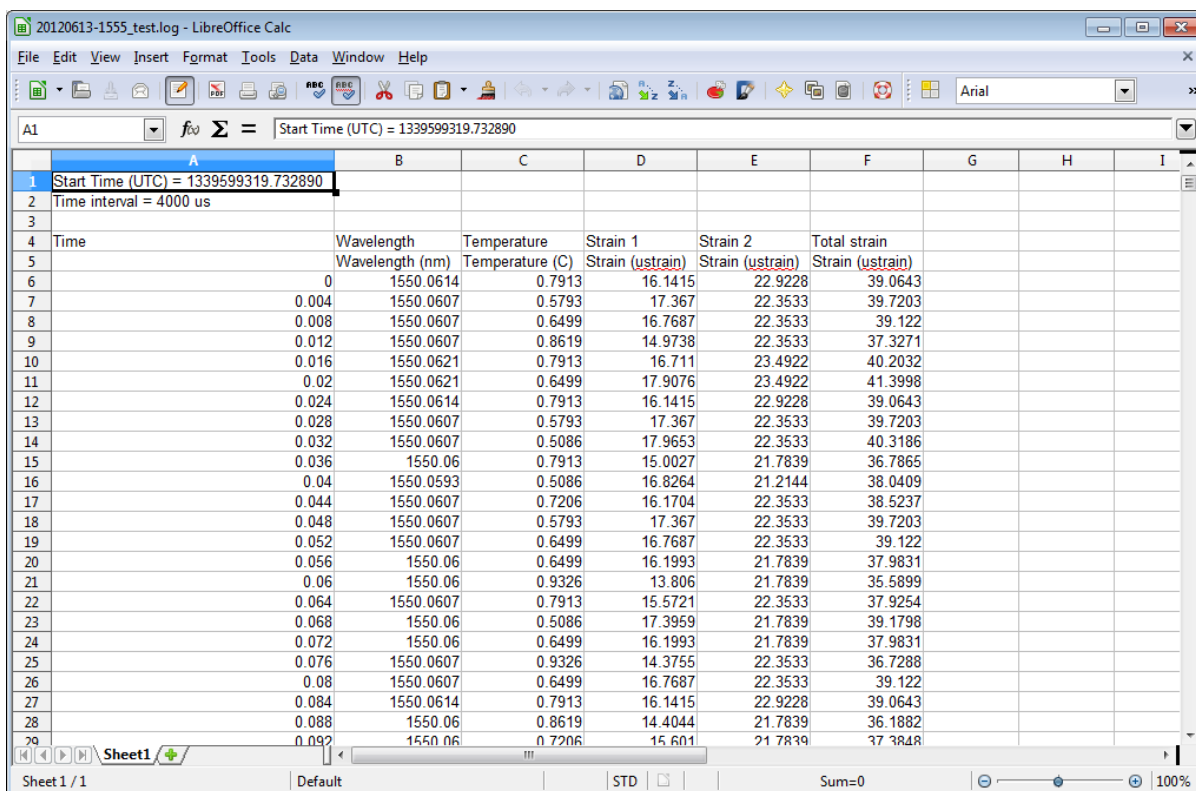
Set the target location and name of the log file by typing it in the box, or by clicking the folder icon. Then set the duration of the logging period (log time) and then press the log button. The button lights up and the elapsed time is indicated by a progress bar and a numeric indicator. The recording will automatically stop when the Log time is reached or the user may stop the recording by pressing the Log button again.

The number of lines per log file and the time/date format to append or prepend to the file-name may be set by clicking the icon next to the “Log sensors” heading.

A log file can be scheduled to take place at regular intervals. The file name will be appended with a date/time string of the format “YYYYMMDD-HHMM_” where YYYY is the year, MM is the month, DD is the day, HH is the hour of day and MM is the minutes in the hour.

Data is saved in tab separated format suitable for opening with common spreadsheet applications such as Microsoft Excel and OpenOffice Calc.

The Start Time is given in standard UTC format, which is the number of seconds since 00:00 on 1st January 1970.



Time	Wavelength	Temperature	Strain 1	Strain 2	Total strain
	Wavelength (nm)	Temperature (C)	Strain (ustrain)	Strain (ustrain)	Strain (ustrain)
0	1550.0614	0.7913	16.1415	22.9228	39.0643
0.004	1550.0607	0.5793	17.367	22.3533	39.7203
0.008	1550.0607	0.6499	16.7687	22.3533	39.122
0.012	1550.0607	0.8619	14.9738	22.3533	37.3271
0.016	1550.0621	0.7913	16.711	23.4922	40.2032
0.02	1550.0621	0.6499	17.9076	23.4922	41.3998
0.024	1550.0614	0.7913	16.1415	22.9228	39.0643
0.028	1550.0607	0.5793	17.367	22.3533	39.7203
0.032	1550.0607	0.5086	17.9653	22.3533	40.3186
0.036	1550.06	0.7913	15.0027	21.7839	36.7865
0.04	1550.0593	0.5086	16.8264	21.2144	38.0409
0.044	1550.0607	0.7206	16.1704	22.3533	38.5237
0.048	1550.0607	0.5793	17.367	22.3533	39.7203
0.052	1550.0607	0.6499	16.7687	22.3533	39.122
0.056	1550.06	0.6499	16.1993	21.7839	37.9831
0.06	1550.06	0.9326	13.806	21.7839	35.5899
0.064	1550.0607	0.7913	15.5721	22.3533	37.9254
0.068	1550.06	0.5086	17.3959	21.7839	39.1798
0.072	1550.06	0.6499	16.1993	21.7839	37.9831
0.076	1550.0607	0.9326	14.3755	22.3533	36.7288
0.08	1550.0607	0.6499	16.7687	22.3533	39.122
0.084	1550.0614	0.7913	16.1415	22.9228	39.0643
0.088	1550.06	0.8619	14.4044	21.7839	36.1882
0.092	1550.06	0.7206	15.601	21.7839	37.3848

Illustration 17: Example log file

5.3 ENHANCED ACQUISITION - CHARTS TAB

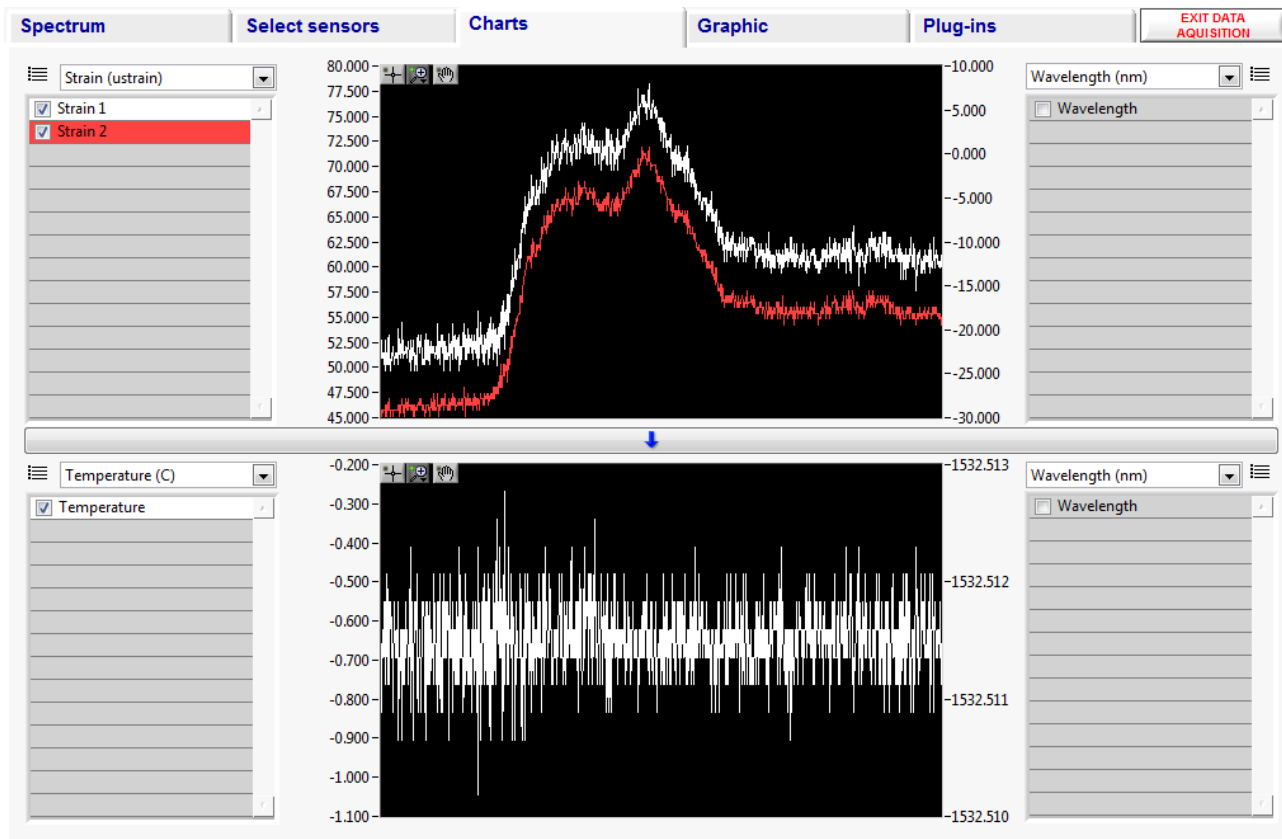


Illustration 18: Enhanced acquisition – Charts tab

By default two charts are shown, each with dual y-axes. All the Sensors present in the Sensor table are available for adding to the charts, this is achieved by selecting the tick box next to each sensor.

The left and right y-axes of each chart can be set to different measurement units. The chart can be expanded by hiding one of the y-axes using the appropriate “X” button. The entire lower chart can also be hidden by pressing the “V” button, whereby the upper chart expands to fill the whole tab.

The y-axes of the charts auto-scale by default but by right clicking on the charts the user may disable auto-scaling and may then edit the maximum and minimum y-axis limits to display the desired amplitude range.

An image of the chart can be exported to the clipboard or saved to a file by right clicking on the graph and selecting “Export simplified image...”.

5.4 ENHANCED ACQUISITION - GRAPHIC TAB

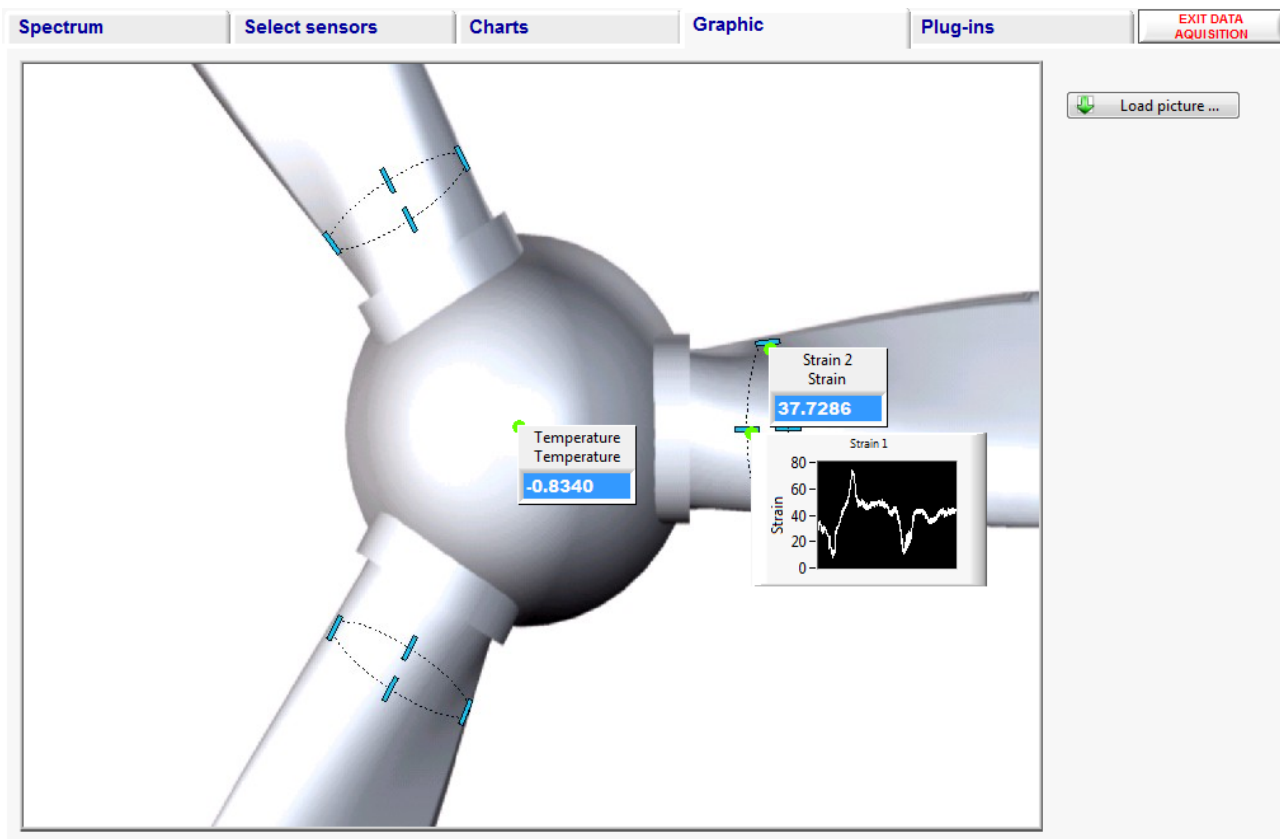


Illustration 19: Enhanced acquisition - Graphic tab

On the graphic tab the user may load a photograph or diagram of the structure being monitored. The file must be in JPG format and 800 x 600 pixels. Some example pictures are installed with the application and are located in the common application data directory e.g. "C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\Smart Fibres\SmartSoft SSI\Graphics". The location of the common application data folder is dependant on your version of Windows, the example shown is for Windows XP.

By right clicking on the graphic the user may add sensors from the sensor table and display their current values in numeric or mini-graph form. By right clicking on an existing sensor it may be deleted or modified in type.

5.5 ENHANCED ACQUISITION – PLUG-INS TAB

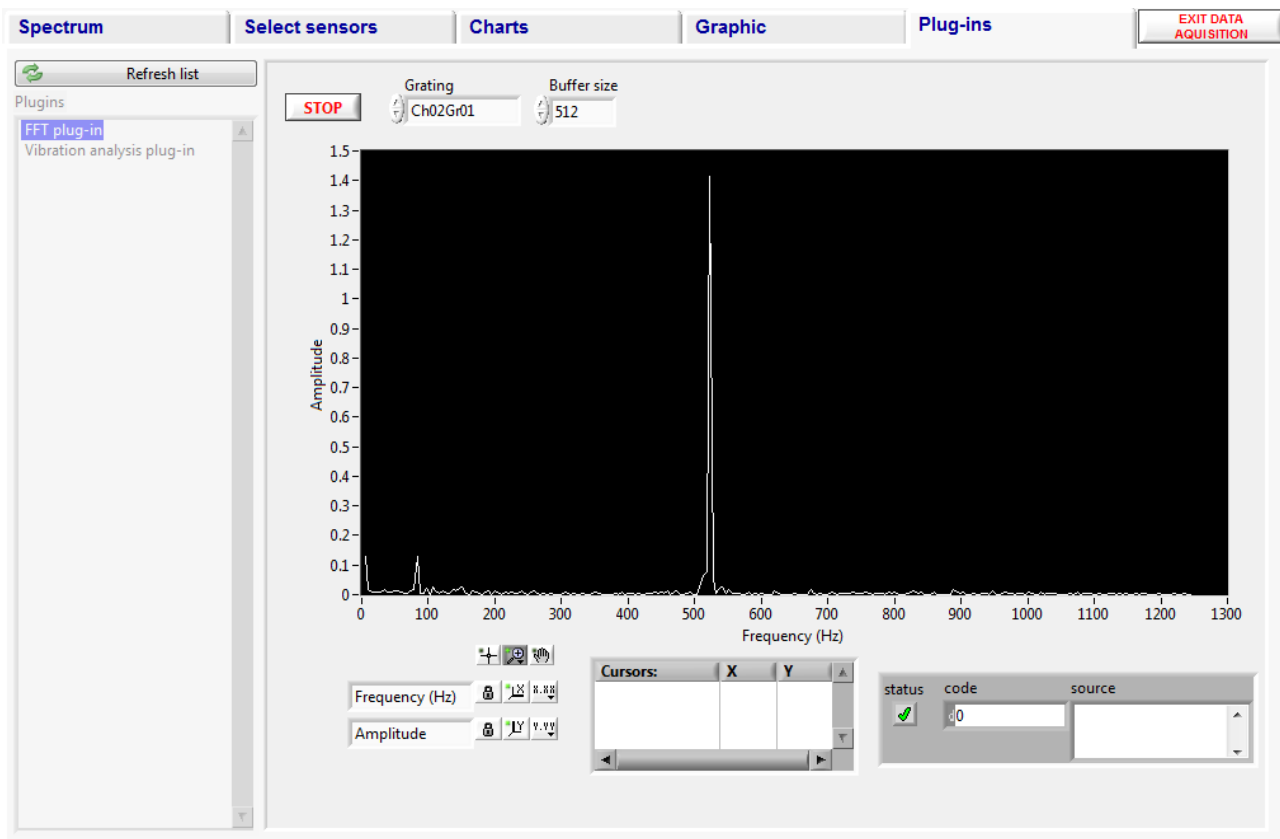


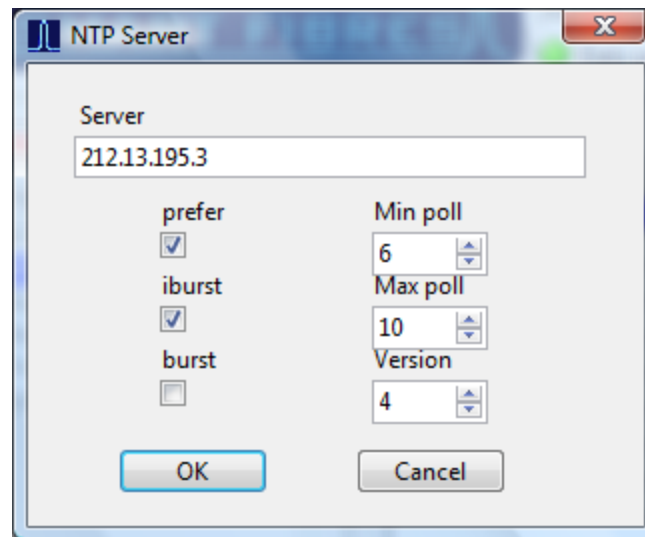
Illustration 20: Enhanced acquisition - Plug-ins tab

The plug-ins tab is used for running LabVIEW source code, these can be written by the end user to increase and customise the functionality of the SmartSoft user interface. SmartSoft may be supplied with a variety of plug-ins, including one for performing FFT analysis on a selected grating. Details on how to write plug-ins can be obtained on request from Smart Fibres.

5.6 ENHANCED ACQUISITION - EXIT DATA ACQUISITION

Press “Exit Data Acquisition” to leave this area of the application.

disable NTP. Press “Save&Exit” when done to configure the SmartScan or “Exit” to exit without changing the SmartScan's settings. The “Add...” button launches a server configuration dialog box.



The options are described in the ntpd documentation available at <http://support.ntp.org/bin/view/Main/WebHome> and are briefly described below.

Server – IP address of the NTP server. Most NTP servers are known by their DNS name, to discover the IP address of an NTP server use one of the many DNS Look Up websites or run: `ping your_ntp_server_name` from the windows command prompt.

Prefer - Marks the server as preferred. All other things being equal, this host will be chosen for synchronization among a set of correctly operating hosts. Only one server should have this set.

Burst - when the server is reachable, send a burst of eight packets instead of the usual one. The packet spacing is 2 s. This is designed to improve timekeeping quality but may not be appreciated by the NTP server's owner.

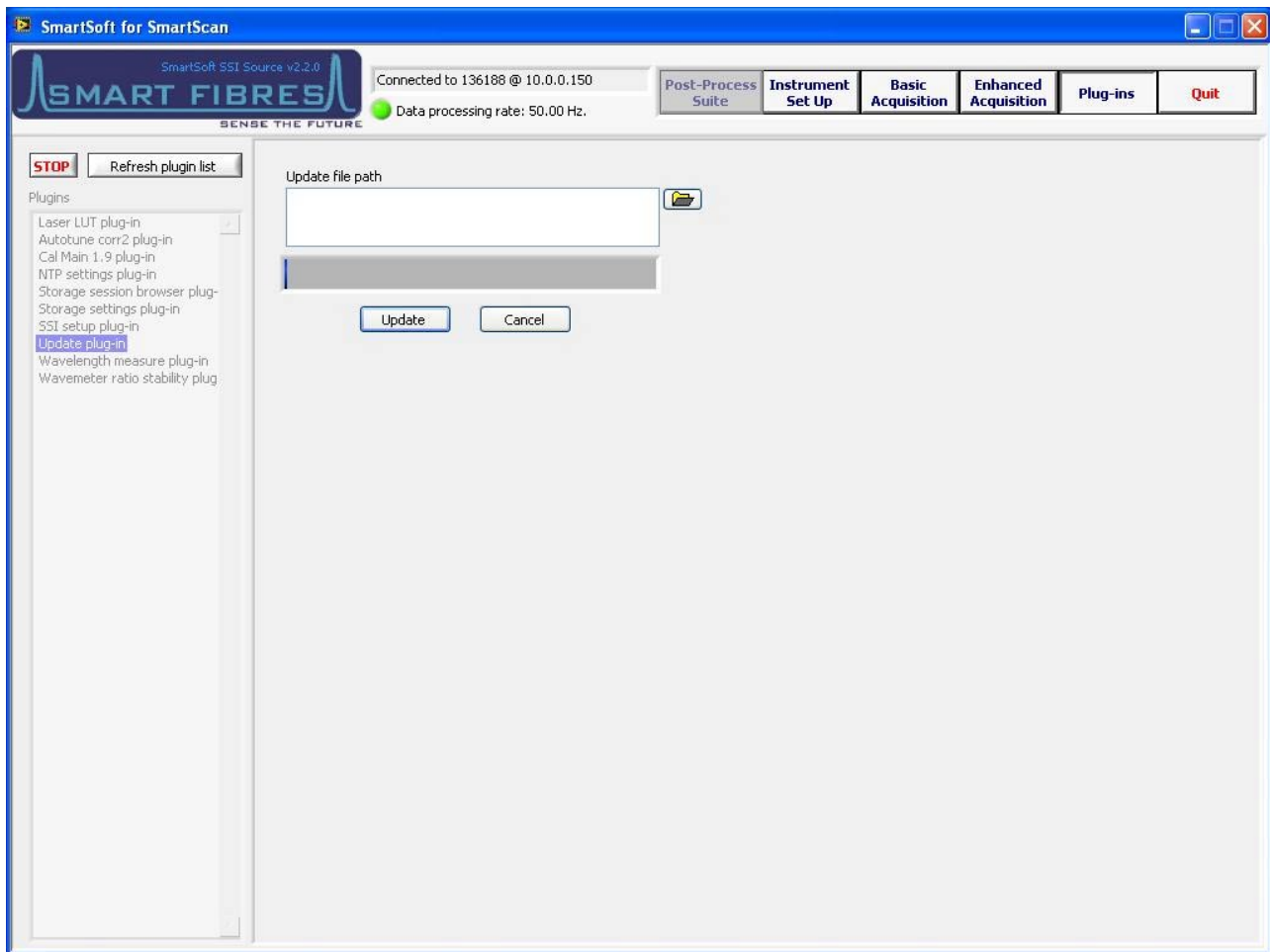
Iburst - When the server is unreachable, send a burst of eight packets instead of the usual one. The packet spacing is 2 s. This is designed to speed the initial synchronization acquisition.

Min/Max poll - These options specify the minimum and maximum poll intervals for NTP messages, as a power of 2 in seconds The maximum poll interval defaults to 10 (1,024 s), but can be increased by the maxpoll option to an upper limit of 17 (36.4 h). The minimum poll interval defaults to 6 (64 s), but can be decreased by the minpoll option to a lower limit of 4 (16 s).

Version - Specifies the version number to be used for outgoing NTP packets. Valid values are 1-4, the default and recommended value is version 4.

6.3 PLUG-IN FOR SOFTWARE UPDATE

The embedded Linux versions of SmartScan can be updated using the Update plug-in. If the SmartScan is connected to a LAN that is accessible via the Internet then this makes remote upgrades possible without having to visit the site where the instrument is located.



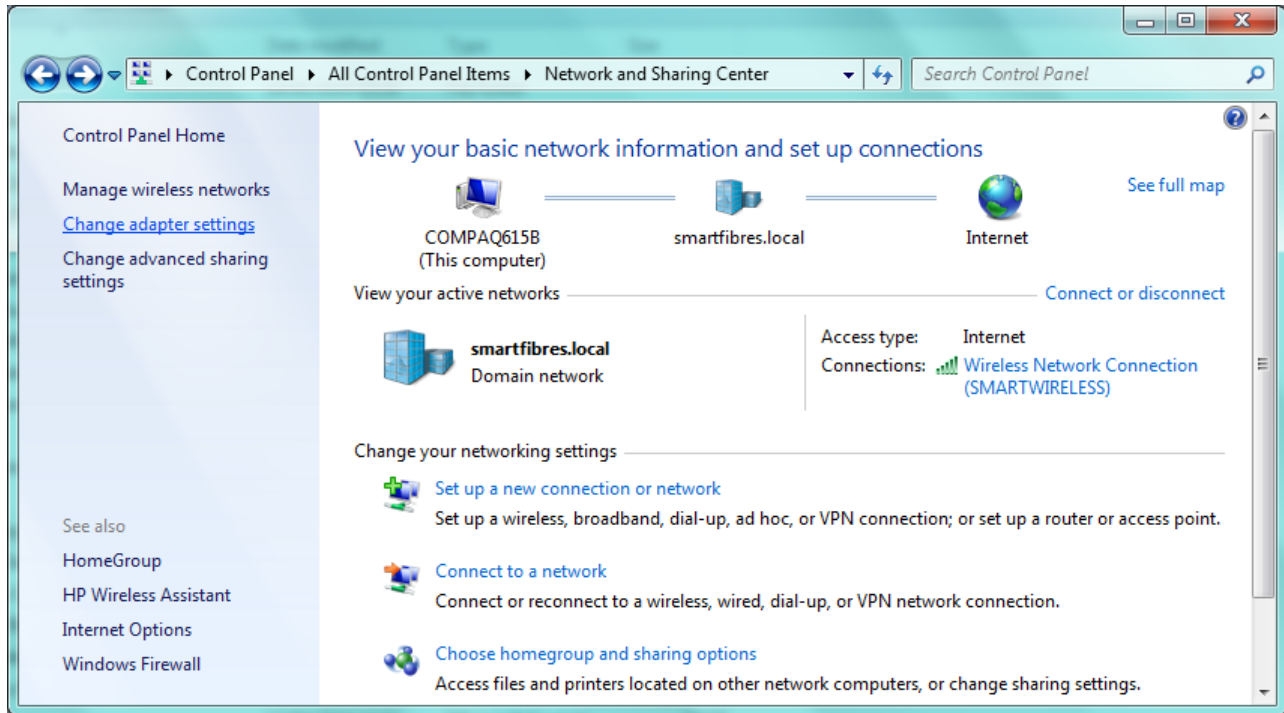
Select a Smart Fibres provided update file and press the “Update” button. You will then be prompted to reboot the SmartScan. Press “Yes” to reboot. SmartSoft will disconnect and reconnect when the SmartScan has finished rebooting.

7 APPENDICES

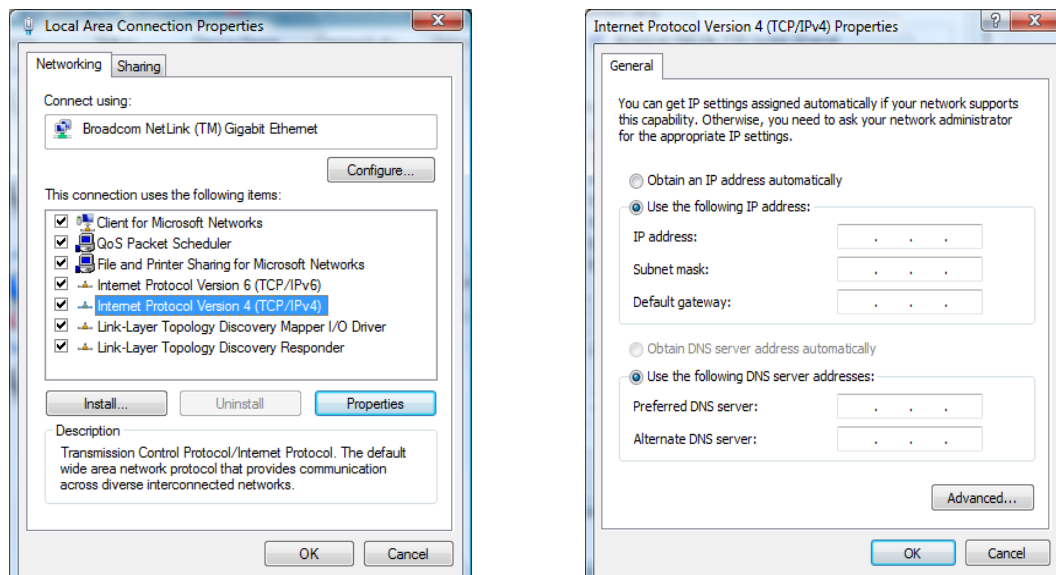
7.1 IP ADDRESS SETTINGS OF HOST PC

7.1.1 Windows 7

Click on the Start Bar and select Control Panel, select “Network and Sharing Centre”.



Select “Change adapter settings”, Right Click on the Local Area Connection and select “Properties”

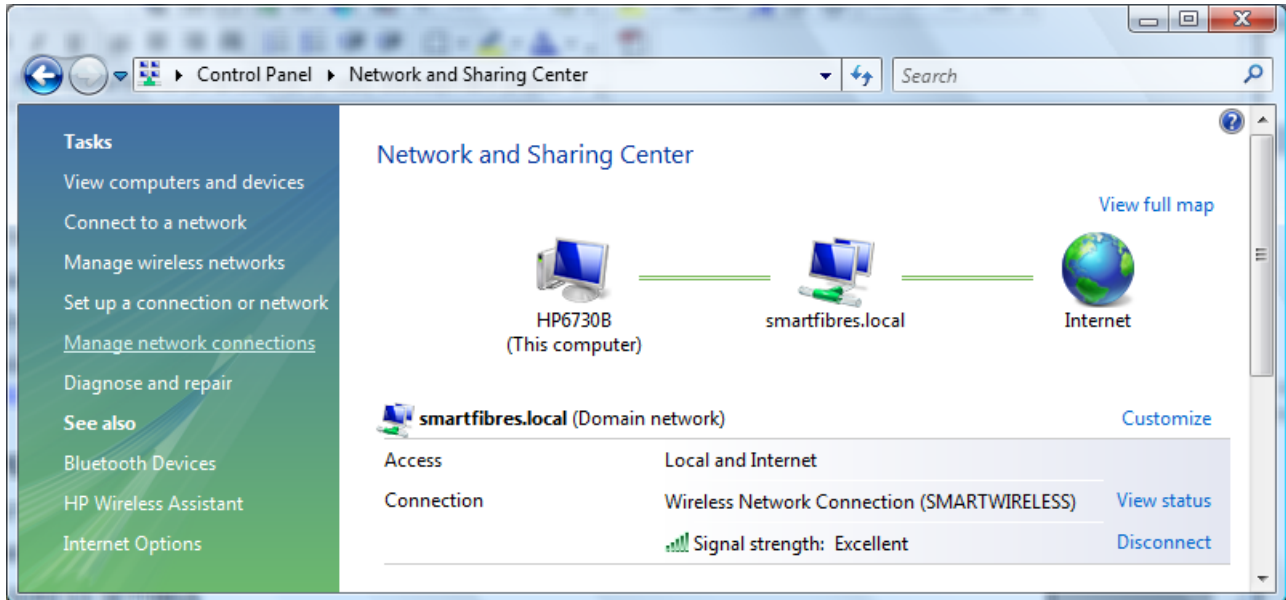


Select “Internet Protocol Version 4” and click the “Properties” button. Select “Use the following IP address” and enter the desired IP address and Subnet Mask to suit SmartScan. Click OK to save settings.

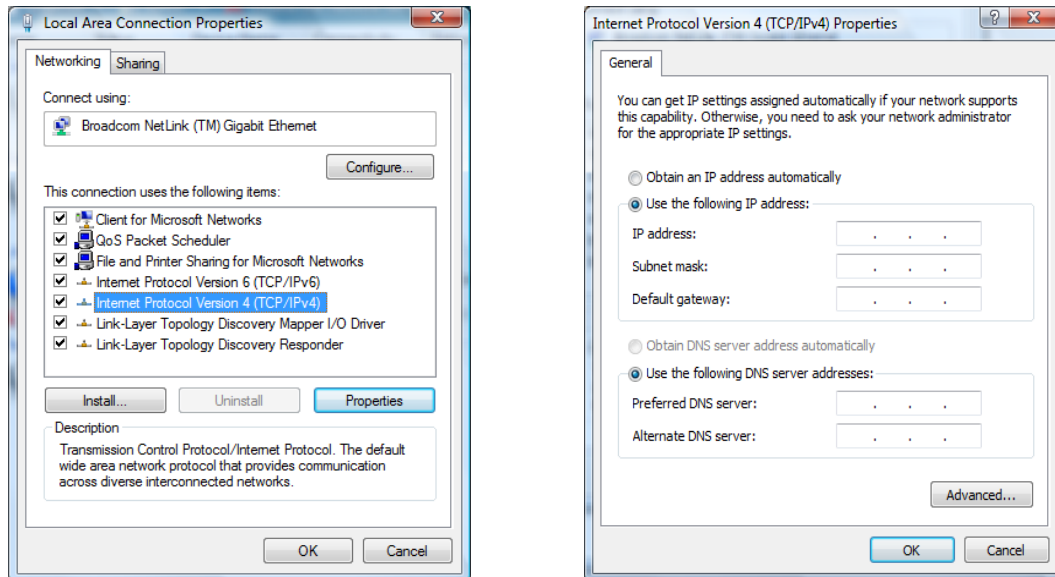
After using SmartScan, to reconnect to a Local Area Network select “Obtain an IP address automatically”.

7.1.2 Windows Vista

Click on the Start Bar and select Control Panel, select “Network and Sharing Centre”.



Select “Manage Network connections”, Right Click on the Local Area Connection and select “Properties”

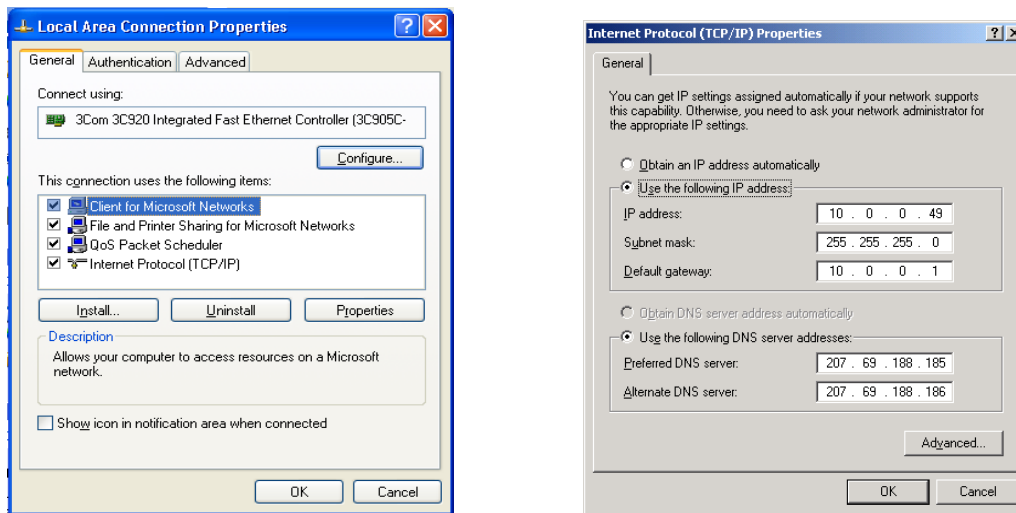


Select “Internet Protocol Version 4” and click the “Properties” button. Select “Use the following IP address” and enter the desired IP address and Subnet Mask to suit SmartScan. Click OK to save settings.

After using SmartScan, to reconnect to a Local Area Network select “Obtain an IP address automatically”.

7.1.3 Windows XP

On a Windows XP machine, click on the Start Bar and select “Control Panel.” Click on the icon entitled “Network Connections” to open. When open, highlight the “Local Area Network” selection, right click, and choose “Properties”.

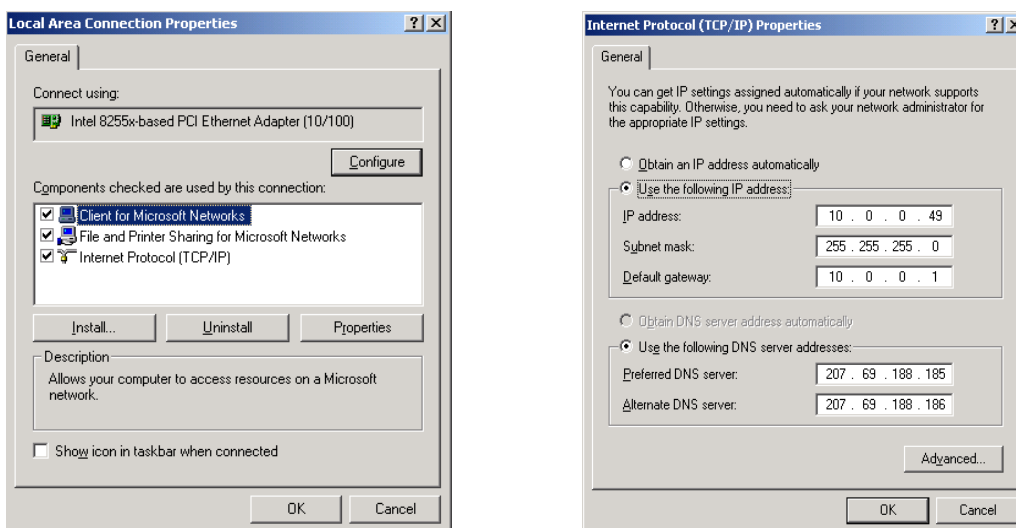


Highlight the “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)” entry and click “Properties”. You will then have access to change the IP address and Subnet mask to suit SmartScan. Click “OK” to save settings.

After using SmartScan, to reconnect to a Local Area Network select “Obtain an IP address automatically”.

7.1.4 Windows 2000

On a Windows 2000 machine, click on the Start Bar and select “Settings”, then “Control Panel”. Double-click on “Network and Dial-up Connections”. Right click on “Local Area Connection” and choose “Properties”.



Highlight “Internet Protocol(TCP/IP)” and click “Properties”.

Select “Use the following IP address” and you will have access to change the IP address and Subnet mask to suit SmartScan. Click “OK” to save the settings.

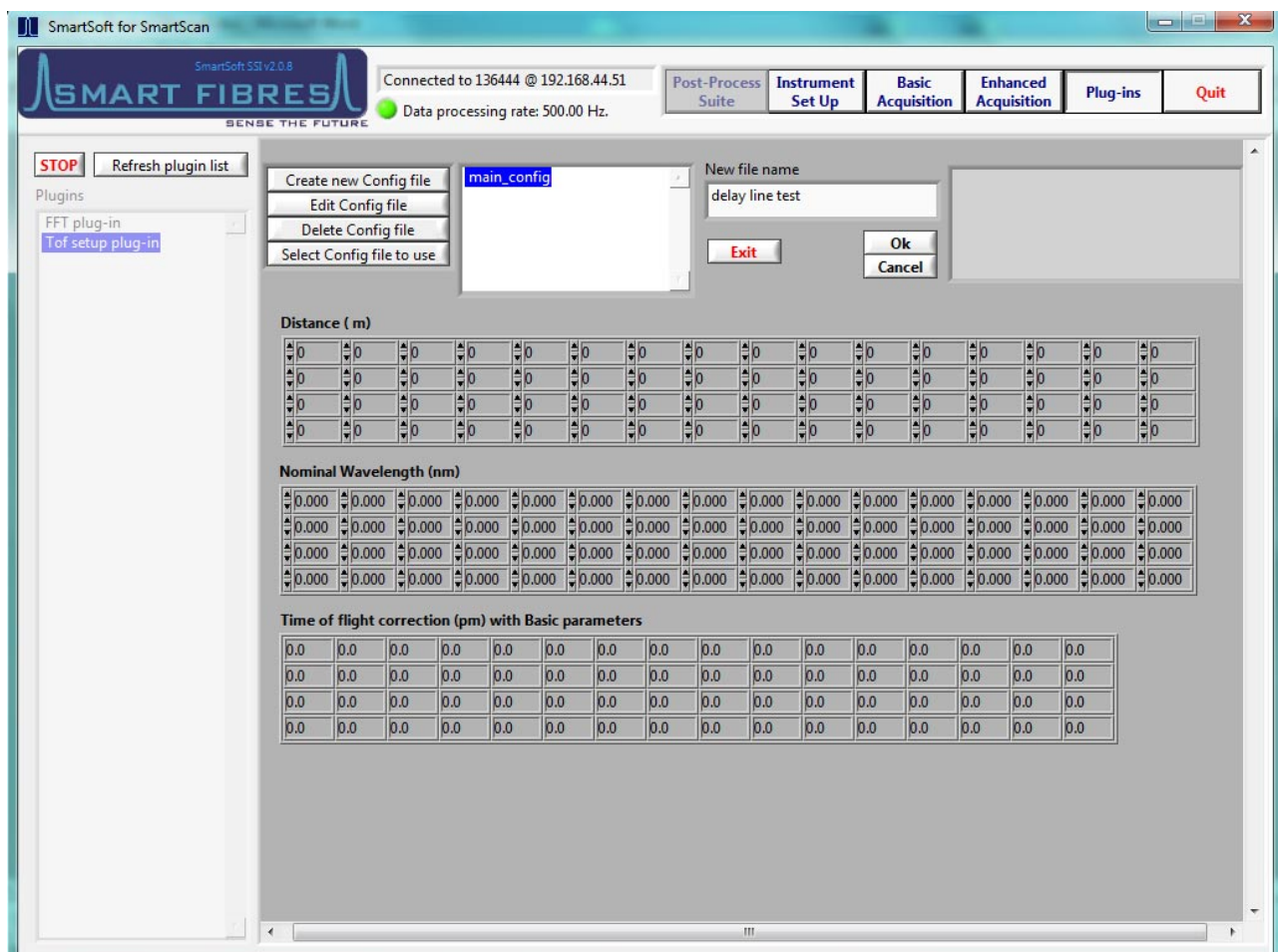
After using SmartScan, to reconnect to a Local Area Network select “Obtain an IP address automatically”.

7.2 DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT

The serial port communicates various diagnostic parameters via RS232. It is primarily used by Smart Fibres service personnel and should not be used by the user unless guided to do so by a Smart Fibres engineer.

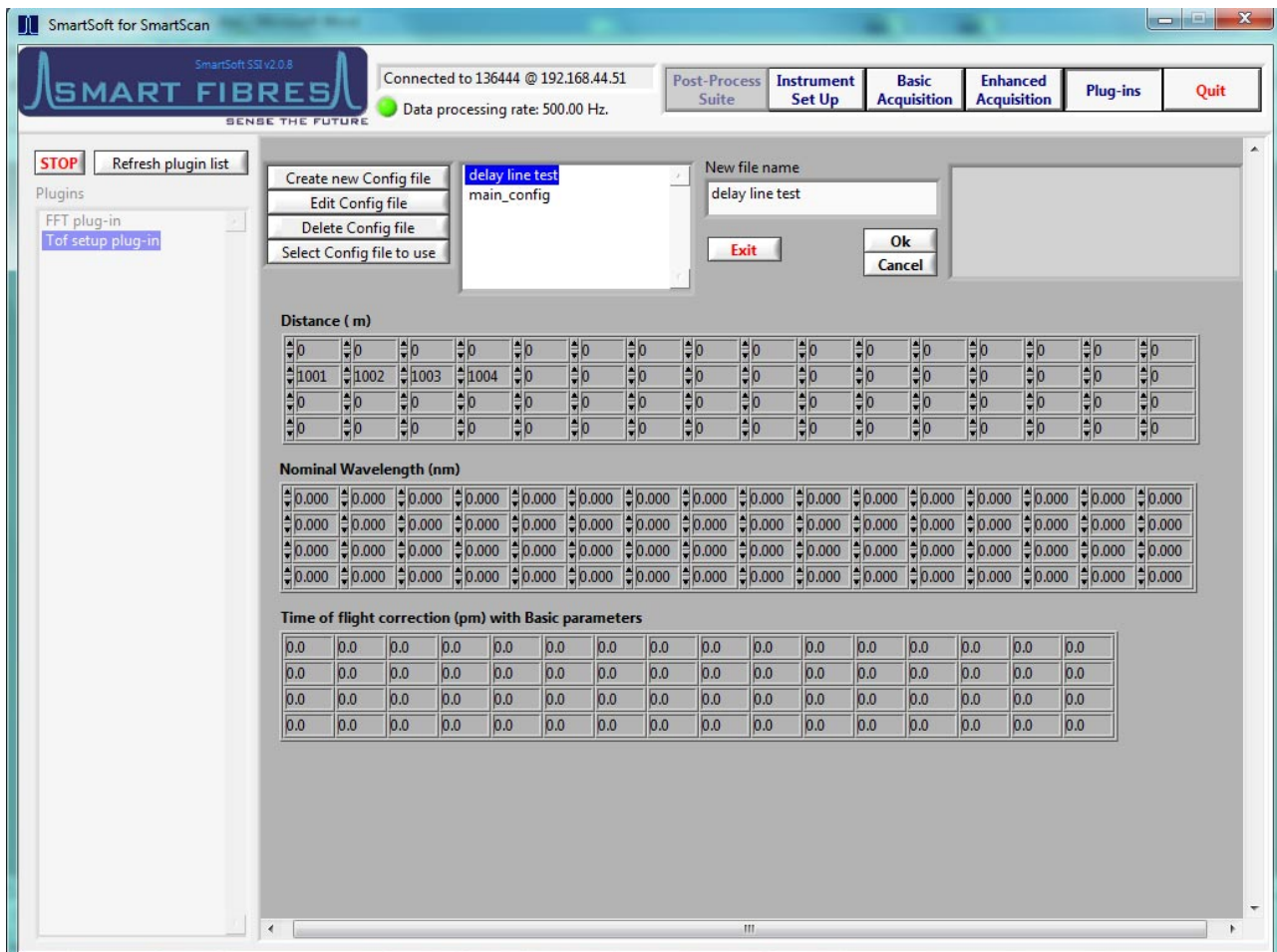
7.3 CONFIGURATION OF TIME OF FLIGHT CORRECTION

In order to configure correctly the time of flight correction, a plug-in called “tof setup plug-in”, needs to be executed. The plug-ins tab can be activated by pressing the “Plug-ins” button located top-right of the SmartSoft Interface, then the “tof setup plug-ins” can be selected from list on the left of the main screen as shown in the picture below.



To create a new time of flight profile you need to follow this procedure:

- 1) Click “create new config file”
- 2) Write a file name into the box “New file name”, for example “delay line test”
- 3) Fill the boxes in the Distance (m) table with the distance of each sensor from the SmartScan in metres. The table has one line per fibre channel and the distance of FBG should be added starting from the left. See on example in the following picture.
- 4) When all distances have been entered click on the OK button.
- 5) The other two tables on the ToF tab are usually for indication only and do not need to be filled in unless instructed by a Smart Fibres technician.



On this example, the first grating on Channel 2 is located at 1001m from the SmartScan, the second grating at 1002m, the third at 1003m and the fourth at 1004m. Then, once the procedure over, you can see your new tof configuration file name on the dropping list.

Later, if you want to use a previous existing file, you have just to select the file you want to use and to click "Select config file to use".

Smart Fibres may provide a pre-written ToF config file, which can be loaded in this way.